TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$1 50
Six months.....75
Three months.....50
A failure to notify a discontinuance at the expiriation of the term subscribed for will be considered a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (12 lines,)	50	75	1 00
Two squares,	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three squares,	1 50	2 25	3 00

Over three week and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.
Six lines or less,	$1 50	$3 00	$5 00
One square,	3 00	5 00	7 00
Two squares,	5 00	8 00	10 00
Three squares,	7 00	10 00	15 00
Four squares,	9 00	13 00	20 00
Half a column,	12 00	16 00	24 00
One column,	20 00	30 00	50 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding four lines, one year,.....$3 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices,.....$1 75
Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Select Poetry.

BE KIND TO EACH OTHER.

Oh, be kind to each other!
For little ye know
How soon ye may weep
The sad tears of woe,
For a brother, or sister, or friend loved and dear,
Reposing in stillness on death's sable bier.

Be kind to each other!
For little ye know
How soon ye may weep
O'er a desolate home,
Or yearn for the forms that have passed away
To dwell in the light of a happier day.

Be kind to each other!
And strive, day by day,
To render some kindness
To soften life's way;
And remember that friends the last ones should be
To sneer at the faults in each other they see.

Be kind to each other!
For short is life's span;
We must crowd in its compass
All the good acts we can.
Each hour should recall, as it passes away,
Some being made glad by love's kindly sway.

A Select Story.

THE WIFE'S SACRIFICE.

"There Mary—now don't you think I deserve to be called a pretty good husband?" laughed the young man as he dropped down in the lady's hand half a dozen gold pieces.

"Yes you are, Edward, the very best husband in the world," and she lifted up her sweet face beaming with smiles, as a June day with sunshine.

"Thank you, thank you, for the very flattering words. And now, dear, I want you to have the cloak by next Christmas. I'm anxious to know how you will look in it."

"But Edward," gazing anxiously at the shining pieces in her rosy palm, "you know we are not rich people, and it really seems a piece of extravagance for me to give thirty dollars for a velvet cloak."

"No, it is not, either. You deserve the cloak, Mary, and I've set my mind upon your having it. Then, it will last you so many years that it will be more economical in the end than a less expensive article."

It was evident the lady was predisposed to conviction. She made no further attempt to refute her husband's arguments, and her small fingers closed over the gold pieces, as she rose up saying—

"Well, dear, the supper has been waiting half an hour, and I know you must be hungry."

Edward and Mary Clark were the husband and wife of a year. He was a book-keeper in a large establishment, with a salary of fifteen hundred dollars. His fair young wife made a little earthly paradise of his cottage home in the suburbs of the City, for within its walls dwelt two lives that were set like music to poetry, keeping time to each other. And here dwelt also, the peace that God giveth to those who love him.

Mrs. Clark came into the sitting room suddenly, and the girl lifted her head, and then turned it away quickly, but not until the first glance told the lady that the fair face was swollen and stained with tears.

Janet Hill was a young seamstress whom Mrs. Clark had occasionally employed for the last six months. She was always attracted by her young, bright face, her modest yet dignified manners, and now the lady saw at once that some great sorrow had smitten the girl.

Obeying the promptings of a warm, impulsive heart, she went to her and laid her hand on her arm, saying softly,

"Won't you tell me what is troubling you, Janet?"

"Nothing that anybody can help," answered the girl, trying still to avert her face, while the tears swelled in her eyes from the effort which she made to speak.

"But perhaps I can. At any rate, you know, it does us good sometimes to confide our sorrows to a friend, and I need not assure you that I sincerely grieve because of your distress.

And so with kind words and half-caressing movements of the little hand, laid on the seamstress' arm, Mrs. Clark drew from her lips her sad story.

She was an orphan, supporting herself by her daily labors, and she had one brother, just sixteen, three years her junior. He had been for some a kind of under clerk in a large wholesale establishment, where there was every prospect of his promotion; but he had seriously injured himself in the summer, by lifting some heavy bales of goods, and at last a dangerous fever set in, which had finally left him in so exhausted a state that the doctor had no hope of his recovery.

"And to think I shall never see him again, Mrs. Clark," cried the poor girl, with a fresh burst of tears. "To think he must die away there, among strangers, in the hospital, with no loving face to bend over him in his last hours, or brush away the damp curls from the forehead which mamma used to be so proud of. O—George—my darling, bright-faced little brother George," and here the poor girl broke down in storm of sobs and tears.

"Poor child, poor child," murmured Mrs. Clark, her sweet eyes swimming in tears.—"How much would it cost for you to go to your brother and return?" she asked at last.

"About thirty dollars. I haven't so much money in the world. You see, it's nearly four hundred miles off; but I could manage to support myself after I got there."

A thought passed quickly through Mrs. Clark's mind. She stood still for a few moments, her blue eyes fixed in deep meditation. At last she said kindly, "Well, my child, try and bear up bravely, and we will see what can be done for you," and the warm, cheeerful tones comforted the sad heart of the seamstress.

The lady went up stairs and took the pieces out of her ivory portmonie. There was a brief, sharp struggle in her mind. "Somehow I've set my heart on this velvet cloak," she thought, "and Edward will be disappointed. I was going out to select the velvet this very afternoon. But then, there's that dying baby lying there with strange faces all about him, and longing, as the slow hours go by, for a sight of the sister that loves him, and would not this thought haunt me every time I put on my new cloak? After all, my old broadcloth is not so bad, if it's only turned. And I'm sure I can bring Edward over to my way of thinking. No, you must go without the cloak this time, and have the pleasure of knowing you've smoothed the path going down to the valley of the shadow of death, Mary Clark." And she closed the portemonie resolutely, and went down stairs.

"Janet put up your work this moment—there is no time to be lost. Here is the money. Take it and go to your brother."

The girl lifted up her eyes a moment, almost in bewilderment, to the lady, and then, as she comprehended the truth, a cry of such joy broke from her lips, that its memory never faded from the heart through all the after years of Mrs. Clark's life.

"George! George!" The words leaped from her lips, as the sister sprang forward to the low bed where the youth lay, his white, sharpened face, gleaming death-like from amidst his thick, yellow curls.

He opened his large eyes suddenly—a flush passed over his pallid face. He stretched out his thin arms: "O, Janet! Janet! I have prayed to God for the sight of you once more before I die."

"His pulse is stronger than it's been for two weeks, and his face has a better hue," said the doctor, a few hours later, as he made his morning visits through the wards of the hospital.

"His sister came yesterday, and watched with him," answered an attendant, glancing at the young girl, who hung breathless over the sleeping invalid.

"Ah, that explains it. I'm not certain but that the young man has recuperative power enough left to recover if he could have the care and tenderness for the next two months, which love alone can furnish."

How Janet's heart leaped at the blessed words! That very morning she had an interview with her brother's employers. They had been careless, but not intentionally unkind, and the girl's story enlisted their sympathies.

In a day or two, George was removed to a quiet, comfortable private home, and his sister installed herself by his couch, his nurse and comforter.

Three years have passed. The shadows of the night were fast dropping already around. Mrs. Clark sat in her chamber, humming a nursery tune, to which the cradle kept a sort of rythmic movement. Sometimes she would pause suddenly, and adjust the snowy blankets around the faces of the little slumberers, shining from their own brown curls as red apples shine amid fading leaves in October orchards. Suddenly the door opened. "Sh—sh," said the young mother, and she lifted her finger with a smiling warning, as her husband entered.

"There's something for you, Mary. It came by Express this afternoon;" he said the words in an undertone, placing a small packet in her lap.

The lady received the packet with eyes filled with wonder, while her husband leaned over her shoulder and watched her movements.

A white box disclosed itself, and removing the cover, Mrs. Clark descried a small, elegantly chased hunting watch. She lifted it with a cry of delighted surprise, and touching the spring, the case flew back, and on the inside was engraved these words: "*To Mrs. Mary Clark. In token of the life she saved.*"

"O, Edward, it must have come from George and Janet Hill," exclaimed the lady, and the quick tears leaped into her eyes.—"You know she's been with him ever since *that* time, and she wrote me last spring that he'd obtained an excellent situation as head clerk in the firm. What an exquisite gift, and how I shall value it. Not simply for itself either."

"Well, Mary, you were in the right then, though I'm sorry to say, I was half vexed with you for giving up your velvet cloak, and you've not had one yet.

"No, I've not had one, but I've never regretted it." She said these words with her eyes fastened admiringly on the beautiful gift.

"Nor I, Mary, for I cannot doubt that your sacrifice bought the young man's life."

"O, say those words again, Edward. Blessed be God for them," added the lady fervently.

The husband drew his arm around his wife, and murmured reverently, "Blessed be God, Mary, who put it into your heart to do this good deed."

"DODGE THE BIG ONES!"—A gentleman relates an anecdote of the Mexican war, which has never been published:

When the American army was forming line for the battle of Buena Vista, General Lane was riding up and down the line of his Indiana regiment. The Mexicans had stationed some small guns on a neighboring height, which were blazing away most furiously on General Lane's regiment. But as their guns were badly aimed, the balls in every case passed over their heads, but sufficiently near, as they heard the peculiar whiz of the balls, to involuntarily "duck" their heads.

Gen. Lane happened to notice this, and in his rough, stentorian voice, he bawled out:

"Indiana regiment! No dodging!"

In about five minutes after, the tremendous whiz of a twenty-four pound shot passed close by the head of the gallant brigadier, who in an instant involuntarily bobbed his head. The men saw this and commenced tittering along the line, which the old general saw. Turning around with a sort of a quizzical expression, he thundered out:

"Indiana regiment! *Dodge the big ones!*"

A Mother's Love.

We are all subject to many vicissitudes in traversing the journey from baby-hood to man's estate, and how eagerly do they, whose guiding star is a mother's love, encounter trouble and bid defiance to a world of care.—If in the strife they are overcome, enemies multiplied, and the future frowning and foreboding no good; still the heart is yet light, when it remembers that there is one being to whom it can unburden itself; that there is one heart ever beating in unison with our own; one soul thrilling with hope despite the threatening storms; one bosom alive to every joy and sorrow, urging us to "press on," or ready to share our misfortunes and guide us in future; one on whom we can trustingly rely and fearlessly confide, feeling sure of that sympathy and advice such as mother's ever give. Who has not experienced a mother's pure and disinterested love!

In purity a mother's love
Rivals an angel's tear;
It ever pleads to God above
For those her heart holds dear.

Thrice happy should he consider himself, who is conscious of a mother's love. In pureness it exceeds the richest gem; its lustre is never dimmed, and resplendent brightness will surpass those shining orbs with which the "azure vault of heaven" is studded.—None but one bereft of a mother can know of what inestimable value, and how much allied to our good, were the gentle admonitions which fell from her lips. Not until she is separated from us—called to a brighter realm, are we *alone*. Then do we for the first time, experience that indescribable feeling of desolation which no other event can produce.—When she has flown to heaven, to chant hymns of praise with angels around the throne of God, we are indeed *alone*. Though we search the "wide world," not one can be found to fill her place. We poor mortals are doomed to many sorrows, but the greatest of these is the loss of a mother's love. It therefore behooves us, that while we possess so invaluable treasure—while we still have a peaceful bosom whereon we may recline our aching heads, we guard it as a precious jewel, taking heed not to grieve her fond heart, or "send her with sorrow to the grave." Let our constant desire be to cherish, protect and screen her from her danger, that we may not hereafter feel the pangs of self-reproach, having wantonly neglected a mother whose love for us was boundless as the ocean.

"Truth Stranger than Fiction."

We have an illustration of this saying, too striking to be forgotten. Crossing the Hackensack Bridge, near Newark, one day, in the railroad car, in company with Governor D., of New Jersey, that gentleman observed that he had once witnessed a remarkable incident on that spot.

He was in a stage coach, with some eight or nine passengers, and, as they were crossing the bridge at this point, one of the gentlemen remarked, that one evening, thirty years before, he had been crossing the river at that very spot, in a stage coach, filled, as now, with passengers; that the bridge which then existed was a miserable, rickety structure, ready to fall from the least shock; that the waters of the river were very much swollen in consequence of a freshet, and that, when the coach got about midway on the bridge, one of the supports gave way, precipitating all in the rapid waters. After great exertion, however, the passengers all reached the shore, with the exception of a little infant, which had been swept from the mother's arms in the struggle, and now seemed irrecoverably lost. The hearts of the passengers were, however, too deeply touched by gratitude for their own escape and sympathy for the bereaved mother to allow of their remaining inactive, and those who could swim plunged again into the flood to make a thorough search for, at least, the lifeless body of their little companion. The narrator himself was so fortunate as to grasp it by the clothes, at some distance from the place of the accident, and, on taking it into the toll-house and instituting rapid measures for its recovery, it soon gladdened all hearts by opening its eyes and recognizing the face of its now over-joyed mother. The gentleman narrated the little history with a smile beaming in his countenance while speaking of the part he had acted on the occasion; but he had scarcely concluded, said Governor D., before one of the ladies of our company begged him to excuse the liberty she was about to take, in asking him if his name was not Mr. ——?

"It is," replied he.

"Then," said the lady, "I was the infant whom you rescued! My mother always remembered the delivery of her child, and taught the child also to remember him. But it is now after a lapse of thirty years from the time of the event, and here, on the very spot where it occurred, that child finds an opportunity of informing her deliverer how faithfully that name has been cherished."

So unexpected a *denouement* as this, said Governor D., filled me with the liveliest and most joyful surprise; and I am sure every one in the coach at that time will remember that journey as one of the most agreeable he ever made.—*Freeman's Journal.*

PERUSING OLD PAPERS.—How depressing is the overlooking of old papers long locked up, and filed away, written many years ago, when the world was brighter and friends more numerous than now, before misfortune had dimmed the one, or death had snatched away the other! Nor are one's spirits made more cheerful, when some old document or letter transports us backward to a season of bereavement or sad mischance. The sunshine of the present is clouded by these reminiscences which prodnce in all their gloom the shadows of a former day. But when it happens, as is most commonly the fact, that a day of darkness is selected for the melancholy review of past scenes, the sombre skies above us mingle their weeping with the tears of revived afflictions, and then a pall of darkest hue settles upon the mind. Beware of this; let no one unlock the trunk of old papers, especially such as concern the heart, except on a cloudless day—when the sun is shining in his meridian splendor.

Stump Eloquence.

One of the best criteria to judge of the eloquence of a speaker, is the effect he produces upon his audience. Every judicious speaker will adapt himself, both in his language and illustrations, to the capacity, the taste, and the prejudices of his audience. To address a fine speech, clothed in elegant terms, to a back woods hunter, would be absurd, and most certainly would fail of the desired object. Nobody understands this subject better than the stump orators of the West. The following is a real specimen of the tact to which we have alluded. It is a part of an electioneering speech, delivered by Mr. Garret Davis, a Congressional candidate in Kentucky, in 1830, in opposition to Mr. Daniels, the sitting member, whom he charged with gross inconsistency of conduct in regard to the Maysville Road Bill, vetoed by President Jackson:

"Here, fellow-citizens," said he, "we have a man who professed great friendship for this turnpike previous to his election—and afterwards, when a bill was before Congress to make an appropriation for it, he made speeches in its favor—voted for it—and it was passed and sent to the President for his signature, but returned with his *veto*. It then came before the House again, when lo! this ardent supporter of the bill turned and voted *against it!!*

"Now, gentlemen, what would you think of a *dog* that would go a coon-hunting with you—follow the track well—run well—catch the coon—bite well—and just as you had got up with him, and were in the very act of seizing the coon, would let him go, and turn and *bark* at you? I say, gentlemen, what would you do with such a dog?"

"*Kill him!* by thunder!" "*Shoot him!* by jingo!" was the universal shout of the audience.

Teach the Women to Save.

There's the secret. A saving woman at the head of a family is the very best savings bank yet established—one that receives deposits daily and hourly, with no costly machinery to manage it. The *idea* of saving is a pleasant one, and if "the women" would imbibe it once, they would cultivate and adhere to it, and thus many, when they were not aware of it, would be laying the foundation for a competence, security in a stormy time, and shelter in a rainy day. The woman who sees to her own house has a large field to save in, and the best way to make her comprehend it, is for her to keep an account of current expenses. Probably not one wife in ten has an idea how much are the expenditures of herself or family. Where from one or two thousand dollars are expended annually there is a chance to save something, if the attempt is only made. Let the housewife take the idea—act upon it—and strive over it—and she will save many dollars—perhaps hundreds—where before she thought it impossible. This is a duty—not a prompting of avarice—a moral obligation that rests upon all—upon "the women" as well as the men; but it is a duty, we are sorry to say, that is cultivated very little, even among those who preach the most, and regard themselves as examples in most matters. "Teach the women to save," is a good enough maxim to be inserted in the next edition of "Poor Richard's Almanac."

POLITENESS AT CHURCH.—In the good city of Baltimore, several years ago, a young man was seen to enter church in time of service; he paused at the entrance; the congregation stared; he advanced a few steps, and deliberately surveying the whole assembly, commenced a slow march up the broad aisle; not a pew was opened; the audience was too busy for civility; he wheeled, and in the same manner performed a march, stepping as if to "Roslin Castle," or to "The Dead March in Saul," and disappeared. A few moments after he returned, with a huge block upon his shoulder, as heavy as he could well stagger under; his countenance was immovable; again the good people stared and half rose from their seats, with their books in their hands. At length he placed the block in the very centre of the principal passage, and seated himself upon it. Then for the first time the reproach was felt. Every pew in the house was instantly thrown open. But, no, the stranger was a gentleman; he came not for disturbance, he moved not, smiled not, but preserved the utmost decorum until the service was concluded, when he shouldered his block, and to the same slow step bore it off, and replaced it where he had found it. The congregation is now the most attentive and polite to strangers of any in America.

Gems of Thought.

Graves are but the prints of the footsteps of the angel of eternal life.

Peace is the evening star of the soul, as virtue is its sun, and the two are never apart.

The gifts that circumstances make in our character we are apt to regard as its native fruit.

He who dreads giving light to the people is like a man who builds a house without windows for fear of lightning.

Our sorrows are like thunder clouds, which seem black in the distance but grow lighter as they approach.

That is a beautiful thought where some one says: Habit in a child is at first like a spider's web; if neglected it becomes a thread of twine; next, a cord or rope; finally, a cable—then who can break it?

Personal respectability is totally independent of a large income. Its greatest secret is self-respect. Poverty can never degrade those who never degrade themselves by pretence or duplicity.

It is folly for men of merit to think of escaping censure, and a weakness to be affected with it. Fabius Maximus said he was a greater coward that was afraid of reproach than he that fled from his enemies.

☞ "Did I understand you to say that I was lousy, sir?"

"O, no! I merely told my friend that when it rained lice in Egypt, I thought you had been walking there without hat or umbrella, that's all!"

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, —PERSEVERE.— Editor and Proprietor.

VOL. XV. HUNTINGDON, PA., NOVEMBER 23, 1859. NO. 22.

Not Bad.

Any one who has ever lived in Cincinnati, Ohio, for ten or fifteen years will remember E——, the tailor, one of the oldest and best of his craft, as well as one of the jolliest, always as ready to take a joke as to give one. It used to be considered the 'fair thing' among a 'select party,' to send persons to his store for articles at variance with what usually constitutes the stock in trade of members of his profession. It happened one day as one of the 'party' above mentioned was descending the steps of the Burnett House, he encountered a specimen of Kentucky, who inquired of him where he could purchase a jewsharp. Of course he was directed to E.'s store, as the establishment where they kept the largest assortment at the most reasonable prices. Our friend proceeded at once to the place indicated, and found E—— (who, by the way, was troubled with an impediment of speech,) waiting on a customer, and, after stating his wants, was politely requested to 'w-wait a few mo-moments.' After despatching his business with the aforesaid customer, he gravely approached Kentucky with a pair of glove-stretchers, and observed, in a very mild tone, 'W-we shall h-have to-t-t-take your mum-mum-measure,' whereupon he inserted the stretcher into his mouth, spreading open his countenance to the full extent of the 'stretch,' and, with a face indicating the utmost seriousness, remarked to the astonished Kentuckian, 'Y-young man, w-we haven't ger-ger-got any of y-your s-s-size!'

GERRIT SMITH'S INSANITY.—The Albany *American* has the following paragraph:

"We learn that for some time past Smith had his house surrounded by armed men, to prevent his being taken to Virginia. He keeps his room, and presents a very haggard appearance—evidently the effect of fear.—He has sown the wind and is reaping the whirlwind."

The Utica *Herald* of the 19th ult., says that Mr. Smith is an inmate of the New York State Lunatic Asylum, on account of marked insanity. We learn that he is very violent and has exhibited a disposition to commit suicide, and that an attendant keeps constant watch over him to prevent him from laying violent hands on himself. The result we hear attributed to the connection of Mr. Smith's name with the Harper's Ferry affair, though many will regard it as the consequence of long-seated and marked disease.

☞ A recently married young man got intoxicated at a party, and in that state went home to his wife. As soon as he appeared she leaped from the sofa, on which she had been half reclining, and throwing her alabaster arms about his neck, inquired, "Are you ill dearest? What ails you? You do not seem to be yourself." "Well, the t-t-truth is that—that—that I went to sit-sit up with a sick brother, belonging to our-our lodge, you see, my love, and the li-light-light went out, and giving him brandy, as-as the doctor had pre-prescribed, I-I must have ma-made a-mistake-a-mistake in the da-dark, and taken the liquor myself; whi-which I should-should-ha-have hand-handed my friend—you see, my dear." This explanation was very satisfactory, especially to the husband.

For the Farmer.

Manner of Milking.

From an article on the "Dairy" in the *Irish Farmers' Gazette*, we make the following extract:

"The manner of milking exerts a more powerful and lasting influence on the productiveness of the cow than most farmers are aware of. That a slow and careless milker soon dries up the best of cows, every practical farmer and dairyman knows. The first requisite of a good milker is, of course, *utter cleanliness*. Without this the milk is unendurable. The udder should, therefore, be carefully cleaned before the milking commences. The milker should begin gradually and gently, but should steadily increase the rapidity of the operation till the udder is emptied, using a pail sufficiently large to hold all, without the necessity of changing. Cows are very sensitive, and the pail cannot be changed; nor can the milker stop or rise during the process of milking without leading the cow more or less to withhold her milk. The utmost care should be taken to strip to the last drop, and to do it rapidly, and not in a slow and negligent manner, which is sure to have its effect on the yield of the cow. If any milk is left it is re-absorbed into the system, or else becomes caked, and diminishes the tendency to secrete a full quantity afterwards. If gentle and mild treatment is observed and preserved in, the operation of milking appears to be one of pleasure to the animal, as it undoubtedly is, but if an opposite course is pursued—if, at every restless movement, caused perhaps by pressing a sore teat, the animal is harshly spoken to—she will be likely to learn to kick as a habit, and it will be difficult to overcome it afterwards. To induce quietness and readiness to give down the milk freely, it is better that the cows should be fed at milking time with cut food, or roots placed within their easy reach. The same person should milk the same cow regularly, and not change from one to another, unless there are special reasons for it."

TRIMMING GRAPE VINES.—During April we had a great many letters asking "Is it too late now to trim grape vines?" We have written frequently on this subject, and really fear tiring the patience of our readers by repetition, and shall answer the question briefly. Grape vines should never be trimmed in the spring; November is the best time. At that date they will not bleed, and by freeing the vine from its useless portions you prevent the exhaustion of the roots by constant evaporation from the branches and consequent ascent by capillary attraction; the wind blowing among the branches also assists this action. Compare a vine trimmed November 25th, with one along side of it trimmed in the spring, of equal size and invariably the November trimming will give the vest results.—*Mapes' Working Farmer.*

SALT AND WATER FOR STOCK.—It is a mistake, by no means uncommon, to suppose that there is very little for the breeder to do during the summer months in the way of providing for the wants of his stock. It is true that the same unceasing care and watchfulness which are so imperatively demanded of the farmer during long and severe winters, are not now indispensable; but the prudent and thoughtful breeder will not forget that even at this season, when the grass is green on every hillside, and the sleek coats and the rapid growth of his animals attest the richness and abundance of the pastures, there are important matters which require his attention Chief among these we would mention the provision of a constant and abundant supply of salt, and clear fresh water.—The importance of providing salt for stock is almost universally understood, and there are comparatively few farmers who entirely neglect it, but it is a common mistake to feed it at irregular or too great intervals, without any regard to economy.

The best rule for salting animals is to keep it constantly before them, and they will then take it in such quantities, and only in such quantities, as their systems require; but if deprived of it for some time, they become so eager for it, that they may eat so much as to injure them the first time they are liberally fed.

Salt boxes or troughs should be provided in every pasture, firmly secured, and covered with a small roof, raised sufficiently to allow room for the animals to put their heads into the box under the cover. The small roof or cover is necessary to prevent the rain from dissolving the salt. These boxes or troughs should be kept constantly supplied with salt, and your stock will take just such a quantity as they require, and none will be wasted.—It is well to locate them in such part of your pasture as you wish the stock to frequent; upon some dry knoll, if convenient, as more manure will be dropped in the vicinity of the salt troughs than upon other parts of the pasture.—*Southern Homestead.*

How Does Your Farm Pay?

A very important question this, which every farmer should be able to answer with a good degree of definiteness. It is not enough to know that one is getting along in a general way, without knowing what part of the farm is profitable, and what is not. It is possible to know how much profit there is in raising and fatting a steer, how much in a field of corn or wheat, how much in the annual produce of the whole farm.

A good way to do this, is to keep an account with the farm from the beginning to the end of the year. Under the head of debtor, put down the interest on the cost of the farm, the money paid out for the new buildings, fences, drains, for manures bought, for implements, seeds, live stock, hired work, taxes, etc., in short all the necessary expenses of carrying on a farm for a year. Then, on the credit side, put down all that the farm produces for home consumption and for market, and that is added to its real value in the way of improvements. If it supports a family comfortably, besides furnishing something to be expended in improvements, it is undoubtedly paying well. And if besides this general profit, each crop and each animal raised, affords a clear and known profit, the farmer is doing well, and he knows how it comes to pass.

COMFORTS FOR CATTLE.—Good stables, good food, and good water, are the prime comforts for cattle in winter. For summer, whatever else they may have, how can they get along without a scratching pole? Rev. Sydney Smith, of England, was something of a farmer, and used to visit his cattle daily, and feed and pat them, until they knew his voice and welcomed his coming. He used to do all in his power to make them comfortable. He has been heard to say, "I am for all cheap luxuries, even for animals; now all animals have a passion for scratching their back bones; they break down your gates and pailing to effect this. Look! this is my universal scratcher, a sharp-edged pole, resting on a high and low post, adapted to every height, from a horse to a lamb. Even the Edinburgh Reviewer can take his turn; you have no idea how popular it is. I have not had a gate broken since I put it up. I have it in all my fields."—*Southern Homestead.*

EXTIRPATING THISTLES FROM GRASS LANDS.—A correspondent of the *London Field*, in commenting upon this class of pests, remarks that there have appeared few things more extraordinary in the history of farming knowledge than the perverse tenacity with which prejudice has so long preferred the scythe to the roller in keeping down the thistles. In the North Riding of Yorkshire as far back as forty years ago, the roller was an improved instrument for destroying thistles in pasture grounds; and most effective was it found to be, the bruise and crush of the top of the plant extending its mortification to the root. No doubt the scythe makes a clean sweep; so does a surgeon when he cuts a leg off; but let a crushed leg remain to the body, and the undertaker will assuredly have employment.

TO STRAIN HONEY AND MAKE WAX.—Take a tub or any vessel proportionable in size to the quantity to be strained; take clean long straw, shaken free from dust, and lay it across the tub; on this lay the honey comb, broken in small pieces, and let it remain until all the honey has dripped down into the tub, then take the comb and heat it over the fire until reduced to a liquid state. Have ready a tub of cold water, with a smooth board placed one end in the water, the other resting on the side of the tub; place a small portion of the liquid comb in a bag, and roll it along the board with sufficient force to press the wax through. Afterwards collect the wax off the water, and melt and mould it as may be desired.

HOW TO MAKE A BALKY HORSE PULL.—A correspondent of the *Cotton Planter* gives a method for making an obstinate horse or mule pull up a hill or anywhere else, when his muscles are equal to the work. "Take a small rope, double it, make a loop at the double end, and draw it snugly around the under jaw of the animal, just below his front teeth, with loop underneath. Throw the loose end over your shoulder, and 'walk in the way he should go,' holding fast and pulling steadily and firmly. Don't be troubled about him, for he will follow without fail, after he has discovered how you have 'got him.' This method will compel an animal to stand still and allow a bridle or collar to be put on him."

HOW TO PREVENT SORE SHOULDERS IN WORKING HORSES.—The Boston *Journal* says, the plan we have tried and never found to fail, is to get a piece of leather and have it cut into such a shape as to lie snugly between the shoulders of the horse and the collar.—This fends off all the friction, as the collar slips and moves on the leather and not on the shoulders of the horse. Chafing is caused by friction; hence this remedy is quite a plausible one, and is much better than tying slips of leather or pads of sheepskin under the collar.

THE GLOBE.

Circulation—the largest in the county.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday, November 23, 1859.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

CONSTABLE'S SALES,	ATTACH'T EXECUTIONS,
ATTACHMENTS,	EXECUTIONS,
SUMMONS,	DEEDS,
SUBPŒNAS,	MORTGAGES,
SCHOOL ORDERS,	JUDGMENT NOTES;
LEASES FOR HOUSES,	NATURALIZATION B'KS,
COMMON BONDS,	JUDGMENT BONDS,
WARRANTS,	FEE BILLS,

NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case of Assault and Battery, and Affray.
SCIERE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, Borough and Township Taxes.
Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the HUNTINGDON GLOBE.
BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly, at short notice, and on good Paper.

Mar.

New Advertisements.

☞ A note lost, by Solomon Lynn.
☞ A Cooper wanted, by Adam Hatfield.
☞ What everybody wants, by John E. Potter.
☞ D. P. Gwin has received another new lot of goods.
☞ Lewis has added another large supply of school books to his already extensive stock. Call.

The News.

☞ Rumors were in circulation on Saturday that a body of armed men were crossing the river at Wheeling, from Ohio, but this wants confirmation.

☞ Over a thousand armed men are stationed at Charlestown, to prevent the rescue of Brown and his fellow prisoners. Gov. Wise s also there.

☞ The full returns of the New York election has not yet been received. It is now pretty certain that a portion of the Democratic State ticket is elected by a small majority—the vote of the Americans having been given to two or three of our candidates.

☞ The petition of John Brown for a writ of error to the judgment rendered by the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, was presented to the Supreme Court of Appeals on Friday last. The Court to-day refused to award a writ of error, being of the opinion that the judgment of the Circuit Court is plainly right. The execution will therefore take place, as appointed, on the 2d of December.

☞ The excitement still continues in Virginia. The barns, stack-yards and implements, amounting in value to several thousand dollars, belonging to Messrs. John Burns, George H. Tate, and Mr. Shirley, all of whom were jurors in the recent trials, have been burned. Hon. Alexander Hunter professes to be convinced that an attempt will be made to rescue the prisoners, and a letter from Ur. bana, Ohio, addressed to Brown, written in cypher, which has been decyphered, tells him to keep in good spirits, that his friends are mustering and will drop along one at a time.

☞ The latest news from Brownsville, Texas is conflicting. Cortinas, with fifteen hundred men and nine pieces of cannon, is reported to be in full possession of the country from Brownsville to Roma. Communication west of the Nueces river is cut off.—Captain Tobin, with one hundred men from Corpus Christi, is said to have suffered defeat. The latest reliable acounts, however, from Brownsville to the 4th inst., state that affairs were unchanged. Eight companies of United States troops, under command of Colonel Brown, have been ordered to leave Old Point Comfort for Brownsville. General Vidaurri had arrived at San Antonio.

☞ From the Harrisburg *Patriot & Union* of Monday, we clip the following particulars of a railroad accident:—The passenger train of cars due here at 7 o'clock p. m. last Saturday, when about four miles from Baltimore, was thrown from the track by the sudden parting of the rails, and the locomotive and several of the cars broken considerably. There was a large number of passengers on the train, all of whom fortunately escaped without serious injury. After the rails spread, the cars ran for a considerable distance over the sills; and Conductor Crawford, who it appears, was collecting tickets at the time, apprehending from the rough jolting of the cars that something was wrong, ran out to the platform, where, perceiving the state of affairs, he leaped to the ground, just as the car itself upset, under which he unfortunately fell and was instantly killed—his head and shoulders being shockingly mangled. The baggage master also leaped from the cars, but escaped with trifling injury.

☞ The call of the State Committee of the People's party of this State for the next State Convention, designates February 22, 1860, as the day upon which it is to be held, and it is "to indicate their choice for the next Presidency, nominate a candidate for Governor, from an electoral ticket, appoint Senatorial, and to designate the time and mode of electing District delegates to the National Convention, and to transact such other business as may be deemed necessary to insure success at the general election."

☞ We notice by a number of our exchanges that Dr. C. W. Moore, of Coalmont, is favorably spoken of for Sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives at the next session. Dr. Moore would make a very excellent officer, and as the Opposition will have it all their own way, we hope the Doctor may be successful.

☞ Materials for Flowers, handsomely assorted in boxes, just received and for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

The Excitement in Virginia.

Startling Reports—Intended Rescue of Brown—Richmond Military Under arms—Volunteers Assmbling at Alexandria—No Credit Given to the Rumor at Washington—Strict Espionage on the Northern Pedlars.

RICHMOND, Nov. 17—Evening.—Reports have been received here to-day from Charlestown, stating that an attempted rescue of Brown was expected and created great excitement.

The military are under arms, ready to march at a moment's warning.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Nov. 17—Evening.—Great excitement exists in this city in consequence of a rumor which is in circulation, that the rescue of Brown has been, or is about to be, attempted.

Volunteers are assembling at the armories.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—A rumor was circulated here to-day that Brown's rescue was attempted, but it fell still-born.

The Richmond *Dispatch* states that Edward Moffit, who was arrested at Lynchburg as a suspected participant in Brown's foray, has been released for want of evidence.

The identifying parties have proceeded to Wytheville for the purpose of examining another suspected fugitive.

Several suspected persons, mostly Northern pedlars, have recently been arrested at Culpepper Court House, and it appears to be the intention of the authorities to place in confinement all who cannot give a good account of themselves.

Incendiarism at Charlestown—Col. Davis Calls on Governor Wise for Troops—The Virginia Militia in Motion.

RICHMOND, Nov. 17.—A despatch was received this evening from Colonel Davis at Charlestown to Governor Wise, requesting him te send immediately two companies of cavalry, stating that five barns and out-houses had been fired to-day—it was supposed by sympathizers with Brown.

Prompt action has been taken by the authorities.

Three hundred men and two pieces of artillery will leave Alexandria at daybreak by Governor Wise's orders.

The Richmond forces will probably leave on an express train at an early hour.

HARPER'S FERRY, Nov. 17—Midnight.—A messenger has been sent to Charlestown to obtain reliable information regarding events there, but he has not yet returned.

Great excitement exists here, and armed guards are patrolling the streets and roads.

It is rumored that 250 men, armed with rifles, are encamped near Berrysville, a town near Charlestown, meditating the rescue of Brown. The report is too improbable for any confidence to be placed in it.

HARPER'S FERRY, Nov. 18—Two o'clock A. M.—The messenger despatched to Charlestown has not yet returned. He left at 10 o'clock, and was to have been back in two hours and a half. It is probable that he has been detained by some of the guards.

[Correspondence of The Press.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18, 1859.

It will not be the fault of violent men in both sections of the Union if the seed sown at Harper's Ferry does not produce a fearful crop. As I have stated before, in this correspondence, the Southern people have had the greatest provocation in the late tragedy; but those who are inflaming their minds, and demanding rash and unnecessary legislation, are, in my opinion, governed by wrong motives. I put out of sight the alternative now deliberately contemplated in some of the Southern papers, that this state of feelings must end in blood-shed. All such remedies can only be suggested by wild and ungovernable passions; but we should not close our eyes to the danger of geographical parties, now more imminent than it has ever been.—This was the alternative apprehended in 1856, growing out of the Kansas troubles; but it now assumes a more startling aspect in view of the late events. Consolidate the South on its extreme platform, and you consolidate the North on a Northern platform. In that event victory goes with the majority, and we are daily told that Secession will then be insisted upon by the minority.

And what of secession? He is no true patriot who proposes to discuss secession as injurious alone to the South. It would be a fearful calamity to all our happy country. To the South it could not fail to come surrounded with incalculable evils. Its frontiers would bristle with bayonets, and run red with blood. Internally it would be convulsed with inconceivable alarms. In many cases, overawed by its servile population, it would be compelled to live, as it were, in a continual state of war. Every one of its cities would be a garrison, and nearly all its male citizens soldiers. No compensation would come to it through a commerce with nations committed against its popular institution.

And what of the North? Would our condition be any better? Would it not be worse? I have no patience with Northern men who look upon Secession with complacency. I have no patience with those who tell me that Pennsylvania contains within herself all the elements of an independent existence, and that in the event of a separation of these States, the dividing line being that run between the slave and the free confederacies, the North and West could go on in their career rejoicing. Would there be no sympathy for our imperilled Southern brethren?—Would *we* be any more at peace than they? Would not fanaticism tear at *our* vitals?—Would not demagogues rail and rave in our midst, and would not faction breed and fester in our bosoms, paralyzing our industry, dividing our churches, separating families, and making us a mockery before the world?—And all for what? This is the great question. Simply to gratify a few men in either section, who, on the one hand, demand impracticable legislation for the protection of slavery, and, on the other, delight in consecrating a few madmen into political saints, because they have attempted to carry fire and sword into a Christian community.—*Occasional.*

The Alarm at Charlestown.

Another Incendiary Fire—The Expected Attack not made.

HARPER'S FERRY, Nov. 18.—The messenger sent to Charlestown, last night, was detained outside of this town over two hours and a half before the guard would permit his departure, and he was also detained till four o'clock on his return.

A very large fire occurred during the night, about four miles from Charlestown, and the military were ordered out, expecting an attack; but none was made. The particulars of the fire could not be ascertained by the messenger, but they will probably be known on the arrival here of the train from Winchester.

RICHMOND, Nov. 18.—Six companies of military are under arms, ready to start for Charlestown at a moments warning. None have left yet.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—A company, comprising eighty-seven infantry and riflemen, left Alexandria for Charlestown by the early train, via the Relay House. Capt. Duffey's company of sixty men and four guns went by a separate train on the Manassas road via Strausburg. From thence they are to march 18 miles to Winchester.

THE CAUSE OF THE LAST EXCITEMENT.

HARPER'S FERRY, Nov. 18.—The excitement last night was caused by the burning of a wheat stack, about three miles from Charlestown.

The military and the whole populace were called to arms, and the wildest terror prevailed among the people, with the supposition that Col. Davis had some information of an approaching danger.

The panic among the people extended to the Colonel, and a messenger was sent by him to Harper's Ferry, with a dispatch to the Governor, calling for two companies of cavalry.

This morning, the fire was found to be the work of an unknown incendiary, but no person could be found in the country on whom suspicion could rest.

There are now a thousand men under arms, and no enemy to be found to encounter.

The troops from Alexandria arrived at Charlestown this afternoon, and those by the way of Winchester are expected to-morrow morning.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have sent Col. Shutt, with an armed possee, to Harper's Ferry, to guard the bridge and property of the Company at that point.

There is much dissatisfaction both here and at Charleston at the precipitate action of Col. Davis, in sending dispatches for troops, instead of first sending out a posse to inquire into the cause of the fire. The people think they have been made to appear in a ridiculous light before the country, and they are more than half right on that point.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Government, to-day ordered 200 pounds of powder, a large number of Minnie balls and howitzer shells from the Washington Arsenal to Harper's Ferry.

The Result.

[From the Mountaineer, Ebensburg, Cambria Co.]

Once more is the disagreeable duty assigned us of chronicling the defeat of the Democratic State ticket, and a portion of the Democratic county ticket. However useless it may be to mourn over it, we feel that it is proper and right to examine into the cause which produced the disaster and every right feeling Democrat should look the facts boldly in the face, in order that we may profit by the experience of the past. When the 16th of March Convention placed its candidates upon a platform to which a large body of the Democrats of the State was opposed; when the political tricksters who controlled that Convention refused to endorse the official acts of one of the purest and best Governors the State has ever had, we saw, at once, the utter impossibility of electing the ticket, and so expressed our opinion through the columns of the *Mountaineer*. Still, believing that the Convention which nominated the ticket was regular, we could not refuse our support to its nominees, and we only hoped that the majority of the opposition would be so small, that we might not go into the canvass of 1860 with an overwhelming defeat to overcome, and we have not been disappointed. Our party is defeated, but not vanquished. The evils resulting from the acts of that Convention, unfortunately did not stop with the defeat of the State ticket. The seeds of discord there sown, produced fruit in every county in the State. Democrats became careless—the opposition active. A deadly stroke was made at the Legislative nominees in every county, and the result we have before us.—We were, indeed, sanguine of the election of our candidate for the Senate, and the large vote which he received in the county where he was born and known, must be a source of just pride to him. But the odds against him were too great. He was made to carry a load under which no living man could bear up.—Our candidate for Assembly would have been elected, had it not been for treachery in our own ranks. With a majority of about three hundred in favor of the State ticket, Mr. Litzinger should have been elected. Nothing was nor could be urged against either his fitness or his Democracy, and those who contributed to his defeat, may yet have cause to regret it. The defeat of Messrs. Durbin and Litzinger must, however, be attributed to the Democrats who staid away from the election. On comparing the vote with that of Mr. Buchanan in 1856, we find that the opposition polled this fall within seventy-two votes of as many as that election, whilst the Democratic vote falls eleven hundred and nineteen short—and the falling off occurs in the Democratic districts. For instance, our vote in Allegheny falls off 163 votes; in Carroll, 126; Clearfield, 30; Conemaugh Borough, 136; which makes a total in these districts of 455 votes, sufficient to have elected them both. It is a sad fact for the Democracy that, in a county which gave Mr. Buchanan in 1856 thirteen hundred and twenty-two of a majority, there should be a falling off of over one thousand votes on the State ticket, and the Democratic Assemblyman be defeated. Yet it is a fact, and must be attributed to the fatal policy of the National Administration making its acts the test of Democracy. With a Democratic platform and a proper candidate, we have no hesitation in pledging Cambria for thirteen hundred majority for the Democratic candidate for President in 1860. But the candidate and platform must both be sound to the core.

Mysterious Disappearance of a Constable and Tax Collector---He Deserts his Family and Elopes with another Man's Wife.

We have another "mysterious disappearance" to record. Some weeks ago a man named Adam Kemerer, Constable and Tax Collector of the borough of Millville, Cambria county, suddenly and mysteriously disappeared, taking with him about six hundred dollars of the public funds, *and another man's wife!* The facts of the affair we copy from the *Cambria Tribune*, as follows:—

On the 5th of October last, Adam Kemerer, who held the office of Constable in the neighboring borough of Millville, left his home upon pretence of going to Blair county for the purpose of arresting a man for whom he said he had a warrant. On the same day, the wife of George Beam, of Yoder township, left her home to visit her mother, as she said, at Freeport, Armstrong county.—Several days elapsing without either of them returning or being heard from, inquiry was made concerning them by their respective friends, but nothing satisfactory was obtained. Sufficient, however, was ascertained to warrant the suspicion that the truant couple had gone off together. It was learned that Kemerer had no such warrant in his hands as he pretended to have, nor could he be traced in any direction. These and other circumstances equally unfavorable, seemed to force the conviction that he had left his home with no intention of returning; and the failure to hear anything of Mrs. Beam, the fact of her sudden and unexplained departure on the same day, coupled with the further fact that suspicions of an improper intimacy between the parties had for some time previously existed, seemed also to warrant the conclusion that they had eloped together and gone to parts unknown. Their protracted absence, and the continued silence of both confirms that conclusion, and leaves no doubt of their guilt, and that they have deserted their respective families forever. Not a line or a word has been received from either of them since their departure, nor has any trace or clue been discovered to their whereabouts.—Kemerer left behind him a wife and three children, and his guilty companion left two children to the care of her deserted husband. It is thought they have gone to California.

Disunion.

The Charleston *Mercury* "improves the occasion" of the late insurrection for the dissemination of strong disunion sentiments.—After referring to the abolition plot, published in the New York *Herald*, it says;

"It is no answer to say that the diabolical incendiaries who can in cold blood get up such a scheme for our destruction, are comparatively few in numbers in the North. It is enough for us to know that, few or many, they have, by the Constitution of the United States, the right to come among us, to live among us, and in their good time carry out their purposes; and, even if their purposes should fail again and again, and scaffold after scaffold shall drip with their gore, the elements of mischief and trouble may survive them, and give new impulse to future adventurers and fanatics. The great source of the evil is, that we are under one Government with these people—that by the Constitution they deem themselves responsible for the institution of slavery, and therefore they seek to overthrow it. They do not plot insurrection for Cuba or Brazil. If we had a separate Government of our own, the post-office, all the avenues of intercourse, the police and military of the country, would be under our exclusive control. Abolitionism would die out at the North, or its adherents would have to operate in the South as foreign emissaries, in a county armed and prepared to exclude their intercourse or arrest their designs and punish their intervention. As it is, the 'irrepressible conflict' of Seward is destined to go on, although it may be checked and suppressed by repeated failures, until one or two things shall take place—the Union shall be dissolved or slavery abolished. The experience of the last twenty-five years, of ignominious toleration and concession by the South, with the lights of the present reflected on them, show to the most bigoted unionist that there is no peace for the South in the Union from the forbearance or respect of the North. *The South must control her own destinies or perish.*

The Chinese and Americans.

A missionary writer on the land of "tea," thus summarily specifies our difference from the "tea" totallers:

"The Chinese parents select the wives for their sons, and decide whom their daughters shall marry. Their badge of mourning is white, and their funeral cards are written with blue ink. They mourn for the dead by proxy, and select a burying place for the departed by the aid of one who makes that his profession. We read horizontally; they perpendicularly. We read from left to right; they from right to left. We uncover the head as a mark of respect; they put on their caps. We black-ball our boots; they white wash theirs. We compress the waist; they the feet. We give the place of honor on the right; they on the left. We speak of northwest; they of west-north We say the needle of the compass points north; they to the south. We shake the hand of a friend in salutation; they shake their own. We locate the understanding in the brain; they in the belly. Our officials designate their office or rank by a star on the breast or epaulets on their shoulders; they by a button on the apex of their caps. We page our books on the top; they on the margin. We print on both sides of the leaf; they upon one. We place our foot notes at the bottom; they at the top of the page. We mark the title of a book on the back of the binding; they on the margin of the leaf. In our libraries we set our books up; they lay theirs down. We keep our wives in the parlor; they keep theirs in the kitchen. We put our daughters to school; they put theirs to service. We propel our canal boats by horses and steam; they pull theirs by men. We take our produce to market by railroad; they take theirs on men's shoulders. We saw lumber and grind flour by steam and water power; they do it by human muscle. We turn a thousand spindles, and fly a thousand shuttles without a single hand to propel; they employ a hand for each. We print by a power press and metal type; they on wooden blocks with a hand brush. We are a beardless Republic; they a hoary headed Empire. We worship God; they offer incense to the devil.

Broderick's Death---The Scarlet Letter.

The California papers make a remarkable chapter of revelations, which may perhaps afford some additional explanations of Broderick's death. It is now known that when Broderick held the California legislature of 1857 in his own hands, Gwin implored and received his election to the U. S. Senate on the strength of a letter, which cringingly promised to Broderick, his old enemy, the leading place towards the administration in its disposal of patronage in California. It is also known that Gwin made repeated efforts to recall this letter, oftentimes approaching his colleague with the humblest supplication for it, in Washington. The letter was then however, in the keeping of Wm. I. Ferguson of the California Senate. Ferguson was called out and shot, seemingly without due provocation, and the same day his desk in the Senate chamber was rifled of its contents. The letter was not among these papers, but Ferguson had already disclosed its hiding place to Gen. Estill, just before his death. Estill received it and soon after died, no one knowing the cause. He had, however, previously informed Broderick where it might be found, and the now deceased Senator, becoming possessed of it, first gave it publicity in a speech at Sacramento on the 9th of July, with these remarkable words:

"A curse seems to follow the secret possession of this letter. I give it to the public, that the curse may return to its author; that wherever he may go, by day or night, where his presence can be recognized, the people shall only see the letter of disgrace worn on his forehead, as was the Scarlet Letter worn on the breast of Hester Prynne."

KEEP YOUR SEATS IN THE CARS.—Of the twelve passengers who were killed on the excursion train, in Wisconsin, a few days since, seven are reported by the papers as being, at the time of the accident, as follows: One in the post-office car, three in the baggage-car, and three on the platform; of the other five the account does not state where they were, but as two of them are stated to be in the employ of the company it is to be inferred that they were not in the regular passenger seats, and the other three may have been in their seats or may not, the papers do not state, but as not one lady was killed, and as they were a large proportion of the party, the presumption is not one of the men killed was where, by the rules of the company and by the dictates of common prudence, he should have been. Had that "notice to the passengers" on the car door, forbidding them to stand on the platform, been regarded, not a life would have been lost. Why will not passengers obey that rule? The answer is plain. In many instances they are so wedded to tobacco that they must smoke even at the peril of their lives.—*Cleveland Herald.*

Huntingdon Co. Agricultural Society.

George Jackson, To Huntingdon County Agricultural Society,

	DR.
1858, Nov. 13—To balance at settlement,	$151 48
Receipts of Fair held on the 4th, 5th & 6th October, 1859, as follows:	
To cash received for 610 Annual Member Tickets, 1,00 each,	610 00
To cash received for 760 Single Admission Tickets, 25c each,	190 00
To cash from W. F. Shaw, Victuniers' License,	15 00
" " J. M. Barr, Auctioneers' "	5 00
" " William Reese, " "	1 00
" " J. M. Stouber, " "	1 00
" " Jacob Hoover, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	8 87
Cash from Peter Swoope, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	8 43
Cash from Alex. Port, Esq., for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	4 25
Cash from James Port, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	10 35
Cash from Dr. Ben. McMurtrie, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	15 87
Cash from Wm. P. Orbison, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	12 88
Cash from A. W. Benedict, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	5 35
Cash from Geo. Jackson, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	14 48
Cash from Henry McMonigal, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	3 95
Cash from Magnus Kough, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	8 30
Cash from W. F. Shaw, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	1 94
Cash from John Potter, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	1 29
Cash from Wm. Corbin, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	8 89
Cash from John F. Ramey, for lumber sold him on Fair ground,	88
Cash from Commission Order on County,	100 00
	$1179 21

1859.	CR.
April 15—By cash pd S. Cheney, premium on yellow corn, 1857,	1 00
" By cash pd S. Cheney, premium on apple butter, 1857,	1 00
" By cash pd S. Cheney, premium on broom corn, 1857,	50
Oct. 4, 5, 6—By cash pd Isaac Long and other policemen,	62 37½
" By cash pd Wm. States and other policemen,	44 87½
" By cash pd Rob. Woods patrol policeman,	3 75
" By cash pd T. P. Love night police,	12 00
" " " Jas. Hollinshead "	2 00
" " " Benjamin Davis, "	1 00
" " " James Port, gate keeper,	4 50
" " " Thos. Strickler, "	4 50
" " " Simon Coder, "	1 25
" " " I. Wolverton, auctioneer,	1 00
" " " Excelsior Brant,	72 00
" " " N. Peightal 1 load wood,	2 00
" " " Alex. Port, 2¼ tons coal,	4 00
" " " T. P. Love, postage,	14
" " " Wm. Colon, postage,	55
" " " J. A. Nash, printing,	22 75
" " " R. M. Speer, "	12 00
" " " Wm. Lewis, "	24 65
" " " Wm. Brewster, "	20 00
" " " Ferdinand Corbin, 9 days work, $1,12½,	10 12½
" By cash pd John Clabaugh, 9 days work, $1,12½,	10 12½
" By cash pd Benjamin Davis, 5 days work, $1,12½,	5 62½
" By cash pd Benjamin Davis, taking down sheds,	50
" By cash pd James Hollinshead, 12½ days work, $1,12½	13 94
" By cash pd John Dean, 2 days work,	2 00
" " David Snyder, for ½ days work,	50
" By cash pd J. F. Ramey, for measuring lumber,	1 00
" By cash pd T. P. Love 13 day's work, $1,25,	16 25
" By cash pd F. Corbin, 1 day making stalls,	1 12½
" By cash pd Levi Clabaugh 1 day's work,	1 00
" By cash pd D. Goodman, hauling pine,	50
" " " D. Showalter, "	50
" " " John White, hauling coal and boards,	2 12½
" By cash pd John Warfel 11054 feet of boards, $1,12½, 124 35	
" By cash pd John Warfel 873 feet of railing, $1,12½, 9 41	
" By cash pd John Warfel 4 loads of slabs, $2,00, 8 00	141 76
" By cash pd Benj. Jacobs 1189 feet of boards, $1,12½	13 37½
" By cash pd David Dunn 300 feet of boards, $1,12½,	3 37½
" By cash pd Rob. McDivit, one year's salary as Secretary,	20 00
" do John Ramey, do do	8 00
" do J. D. Campbell, Treas. clerk,	6 00
" By cash pd Fisher & McMurtrie, merchandise,	2 91½
" By cash pd J. A. Brown, merchandise,	6 58
" By cash pd James Bricker, merchandise,	51
" By cash pd Thomas White, 5 loads of poles,	10 00
" By cash pd W. Morningstar, 2660 lbs of hay, 50c,	13 30
" By cash pd J. S. Miller, 3 empty barrels, 50c.	1 50
" By cash pd James Port, 50 bundles of straw, 6¼c,	3 12½
" By cash pd C. Decker, hauling 2 barrels water,	25
" By cash pd Ludon Long, hauling 18 barrels water,	2 25
" By cash pd Sam'l Houck, hasp and staple for office,	25
" By cash pd Robert McDivit for Books of Entry, &c.,	1 70
" By cash pd T. P. Love, for bucket, twine and fluid, &c.,	1 41
" By cash pd. Sam'l Goodman for rent of field,	20 00
" By cash pd Wm. Bricker, premium on potatoes, 1857,	50
" List of premiums awarded to Exhibitors at last Fair,	527 50
	$1147 45½
Nov. 16, 1859—By balance in hands of Treasurer,	31 75½
	$1179 21

Audited and approved Nov. 16, 1859, by the undersigned Committee, appointed for that purpose by the Executive Committee of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society.

JACOB CRESSWELL,
JONATHAN McWILLIAMS,
ROBERT McDIVITT.

DON'T FAIL to see "SIXTH ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT," and brilliant offers, in another column.

IT is a fact that Fisher & McMurtrie have the *largest* and *cheapest* stock of Goods in town.

GUM SHOES, cheaper at D. P. Gwin's than can be had in town. Call and see them.

ROBT. KING,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Hill Street, one door west of Carmon's Store,

Has just returned from the City with a splendid assortment of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, and
PLAIN and FANCY VESTINGS,

which he will make up to order in the best workman-like manner.

Thankful for past favors, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited.

ROBT. KING.

Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859-3m.

DON'T FAIL to see "SIXTH ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT," and brilliant offers, in another column.

CLOAKING Cloths, Tassals, Cords and Binding, cheap at D. P. GWIN'S.

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

LADIES Collars, very cheap and beautiful, at D. P. GWIN'S.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want Fashionable Goods.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

THE
CASSVILLE SEMINARY
AND
NORMAL SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES & GENTLEMEN
CHEAPEST SCHOOL IN THE LAND
Send for a Catalogue!!
Address, M. McN. WALSH, A. M.,
Cassville, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,
Call
at
Roman's
Clothing
Store
for
your
Clothing.
Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

$10,000 REWARD!!
MOSES STROUS,

Will risk the above sum that he can Sell Goods, to everybody, at prices to suit the times. His stock has been renewed for FALL and WINTER, and he invites all to call and examine for themselves.

His stock consists of every variety of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
DRY GOODS, OF ALL KINDS.
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Such as Over Coats, Frock Coats, Dress Coats, Jackets, Vests, Pants, &c.
BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, of all sizes, for old and young.
GROCERIES, of the best; QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.

The public generally are earnestly invited to call and examine my new stock of Goods, and be convinced that I can accommodate with Goods and Prices, all who are looking out for great bargains.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods. MOSES STROUS.

Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

NEWS! NEWS!! NEWS!!!
NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS,
AT BEN JACOBS'
AT BEN JACOBS'
CHEAP CORNER,
CHEAP CORNER.

BENJ. JACOBS has now upon his shelves a large and full assortment of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
comprising a very extensive assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS, DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES, &c., &c., &c.

His stock of CLOTHING for men and boys is complete—every article of wear will be found to be good and cheap. Full suits sold at greatly reduced prices—panic prices—which will be very low.

His entire stock of Goods will compare with any other in town, and the public will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

As I am determined to sell my goods, bargains may be expected, so all will do well to call.

Country Produce taken in Exchange for Goods.

BENJ. JACOBS, *Cheap Corner.*

Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
CALF-SKINS AND LININGS,
LASTS AND FINDINGS.

LEVI WESTBROOK,

Has just opened his new stock of BOOTS and SHOES for men, women, boys, misses and children. All kinds of styles for Ladies can be found at his store, and the men will not find fault with his stock for their wear.

His old customers and the public generally, will please call and examine his extensive stock.

His stock of Calf-skins, Linings, Lasts and Findings, will please all in the trade.

LEVI WESTBROOK.

Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

FISHER & M'MURTRIE
ARE NOW OPENING

The largest and best selected Stock of Goods ever offered in this community.

It comprises a full line of Fashionable Dress Goods, suitable for FALL & WINTER, such as Black and Fancy Silks, French and English Merinos, All Wool De Laines, (plain and colored,) Nanvau Plaid, Tanjore Lustre, Figured Cashmere, Plaids, Mousline De Laines, Coburgs, Alpaccas, De Barge, Ginghams, Prints, &c.

A large and beautiful assortment of Fall and Winter Shawls, consisting of Stellas, Double Reversables, Single and Double Boche, Waterloo, Single and Double Wool Gents Traveling Shawls, &c. A full stock of Ladies' Fine Collars, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, such as Collars, Cravats, Ties, Stocks, Hosiery, Shirts, Gauze and Silk Undershirts, Drawers, &c.

We have a fine selection of Mantillas, Dress Trimmings, Fringes, Ribbons, Mitts, Gloves, Gauntlets, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Buttons, Floss, Sewing Silk, Extension Skirts, Hoops of all kinds, &c.

Also—Tickings, Osnaburg, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, all prices; Colored and White Cambrics, Barred and Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Nainsooks, Tarleton, and many other articles which comprise the line of WHITE and DOMESTIC GOODS.

French Cloths, Fancy Cassimers, Satinets, Jeans, Tweeds, Denims, Blue Drills, Flannels, Lindseys, Comforts, Blankets, &c.

Hats and Caps, of every variety and style.

A Good Stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, BOOTS and SHOES, WOOD and WILLOW-WARE, which will be sold *Cheap.*

We also deal in PLASTER, FISH, SALT, and all kinds of GRAINS, and possess facilities in this branch of trade unequalled by any. We deliver all packages or parcels of Merchandise, *free of charge*, at the Depots of the Broad Top and Pennsylvania Railroads.

COME ONE, COME ALL, and be convinced that the *Metropolitan* is the place to secure fashionable and desirable goods, disposed of at the lowest rates.

FISHER & M'MURTRIE.

Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

BELL, GARRETTSON & CO.,
BANKERS,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

A general Banking business done. Drafts on Philadelphia, Pittsburg, &c., constantly for sale. Money received on deposit, payable on demand without interest, or on time with interest at fair rates.

August 17, 1859.*

BLANK BOOKS,
OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

ENVELOPES—
By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

WRAPPING PAPER!
A good article for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

MEAT CUTTERS and STUFFERS.
The best in the country, and cheaper than ever,
BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

SHEET ZINC AND OIL CLOTH, for putting under stoves, &c., for sale by
JAS. A. BROWN.

THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

THE GLOBE.

Huntingdon, Wednesday, Nov. 23, 1859.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

AN INCIDENT.—The life of editors and reporters is truly a chequered one, and to show our readers one of the many backsets they have to contend with, the local will narrate a little incident that happened him in the Court House last Friday evening. We would state for the gratification of our readers, that the other hero of our little incident, once *distinguished* himself by getting up a map of Huntingdon county, and whom we happened to recognize, though not personally acquainted; and, by the way, we had the advantage of him, for he didn't know us. We entered the Court room (not as a felon, but as a spectator) and took our seat behind the said gentleman. Nothing happened to mar our pleasure until after a certain worthy functionary of the Court came and spoke to the gentleman. We also bid the time of day. After the functionary had addressed a few words to the gentleman, he left the room, when the man turned round abruptly to us, and said:

"Are you concerned in this case?" (meaning the one then before the Court.)

"No sir."

"Do you live in town?"

"Yes, sir."

"Are you engaged in business?"

"Yes, sir."

"What business are you engaged in?"

"Printing."

"What office?"

"*The Globe.*"

"Are you what they call the *devil?*"

We hesitated a moment at this question, stroked our beard gently, and finally answered in a clear, manly tone, "No, sir." Just at this moment, the Court-*ing* gentleman returned and stopped to speak with our inquisitive stranger again, thus interrupting him in his interrogatories with us, and we took our hat and left, fearing he might cross-question us, and thinking in our own mind, that we had just as good a right to sit there without being questioned as to our business, as he had.

PROF. COYLE'S CONCERTS.—The Concerts given by Prof. Coyle and his class of young ladies and Misses, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings last, were received with great *eclat*, by large and appreciative audiences.—We never saw the Hall so crowded, as on these occasions. The ladies acquitted themselves to the honor and credit of both teacher and pupil. The class of little Misses performed admirably; and should they be kept under the instruction of the Professor for a short time, we predict for them a place in the first ranks of the musical world. In fact, the whole class displayed no small amount of musical talent. The stage, too, should not be passed by without notice. It is an old saying that where the hand of woman predominates, neatness, cleanliness, and good taste is bound to prevail. Just so in this case. It was a most handsomely gotten up affair. Indeed, so comfortable and tidy was it, that nobody but a crusty old bachelor would ever think of attributing the taste and skill displayed thereon, to any one but to the ladies. The whole affair was one of the most successful ever gotten up in this place.

The nett profits of the two nights, after all expenses were paid, amounted to something like $40; and as the money belonged to the ladies, they met on Saturday evening last, to agree upon what they would do with it, and without a dissenting voice, agreed to take the money, purchase a watch, and present it to Prof. Coyle, as a slight token of their high esteem and appreciation of him as a gentleman and a teacher.

☞ We would now, as we have on numerous former occasions, entreat boys who wish to be happy and respected, to refrain from spending their time in idleness and on the streets, especially after nightfall. Such a course is ruinous both to their health and morals. Under the cover of night, in an unhealthy and excited state of mind, they are almost certain to acquire profane, vulgar and obscene practices, criminal sentiments, and a lawless and riotous bearing, that will surely forfeit the confidence and esteem of the wise and good, render them suited to the society of the bad and dissolute, and bring them at last before the Bar of Justice as degraded criminals. Let them rather seek the company of the virtuous and good, and the pleasures of the family fireside. Let them read good books, and therefore store their minds with useful knowledge, and qualify themselves for honest and honorable citizenship. Let them do this, and our word for it, their youthful hours will glide away pleasantly, they will become respected and happy, and never regret reading these lines penned for their special benefit.

☞ There is not a few boys in Huntingdon, who should never be permitted to enter a place of amusement where good order and decency should be observed—neither should they be allowed to display their rowdyism outside of public places to the annoyance of respectable people inside. It does appear that *such* boys do as they please wherever they go, and that the men who should keep order are afraid of them.

☞ Ex-Sheriff Greenland who was severely injured some days ago, we are happy to know, is rapidly recovering, but is still confined to his bed.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?—We have been informed by several persons that during two or three weeks past, a number of men fully uniformed like regular soldiers, with rifles, pistols and knives by their sides, have been repeatedly seen on the mountains in Springfield township in this county. They go to farm houses and get their meals and pay liberally. They have intimated that they are a few of a large number preparing to rescue Brown or punish his persecutors.

☞ The people must have discovered that they can save money by buying their Books and Stationery at *Lewis'*, as he is compelled to order new supplies almost every day, to keep up to the demand. The "*one-horse Book Store*" is saving hundreds of dollars to the people of the county. No "mammoth" dead stock on hand to require heavy profits on what is saleable. Call and examine stock and prices.

☞ Sheriff Graffus Miller will retire from the duties of the office this week, and his place will be filled by Gen. John C. Watson, who, we hope and believe, will discharge the duties to the satisfaction of the people of the county. Sheriff Miller has made a most excellent and popular officer, and well deserves the warm friendship of his fellow-citizens, irrespective of party.

☞ Teachers' Blank Certificates, showing the progress and standing of scholars for the week, month or term, printed and for sale at Lewis' Book, Stationery and Music Store.—These Certificates are very convenient and useful for giving information to parents of the progress and standing of their children, at a very trifling expense.

☞ Postmaster Colon erected a Washington contribution box in the Post Office, on Friday last, and on Monday evening, there was a dollar and ten cents in it. Good for the "ancient borough," she has taken the right step, and we give her credit for it.

☞ Brother Jolly, editor and proprietor of the *Tyrone Star*, paid us a pop visit last week. Twenty-nine years ago, we were neighbors in old Montgomery, but we did not think then, that in the course of time we should rise to be publishers of the two best papers in neighboring counties.

☞ We received a communication from "Populus," giving the particulars of the affray in West township, which is not materially different from the account we have already given, and therefore deem it unnecessary to publish it.

☞ Dr. Mackenzie's Lecture before the Standing-Stone Literary Society, on Thursday evening last, was pretty well attended, and is highly spoken of, by persons who were near enough to hear everything he said. As is usual at all gatherings at the Court House, the boys made the most noise.

☞ The Home String Band were well patronized last evening. The house was filled to overflowing. Their music was sweet and charming, and could not fail to delight the listener. They will give another concert to-night.

☞ Admitted, last week James D. Campbell, James H. O. Corbin and R. Milton Speer, to practice in the several Courts of Huntingdon County. We hope they may be an honor to their profession.

☞ German and English Almanacs for 1860, for sale wholesale and retail at Lewis' Book Store.

☞ The sale of Mr. Entrekin's property was postponed until January Court.

☞ Diaries for 1860, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

☞ The Court proceedings will appear next week.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

ROCKVIEW, Nov. 12, 1859.

MR. EDITOR:—Last season being one favorable to an abundant crop of wortleberries, a great many of our neighbors and their children sought to roam over "Warriorsridge" for a "few." Among the number was a gentleman (friend) who concluded to take a pleasure trip to the "Ridge" for a quart or two of the delicious berries, but thinking pleasure could not be found on "footback," as he termed it, he succeeded in bridling a stray jack, (that had been browsing on our plantation for a number of days, and annoying us every morning with his harsh music,) with the intention of going on "jack-back." After accomplishing all that was needful, he mounted his "steed" and started, to the great joy of the bystanders. Not knowing how he enjoyed his trip until the other day, I shall give it in his own words, as found among his writings. Hear it:

Up the ridge I wended my way—
Though occasionally the jackass would bray,
I cared not for that, but used well the cowhide,
And determined on having a right pleasant ride.
Arriving safely at the top of the hill,
I eagerly proceeded my belly to fill;
This accomplished, I started for home,
Safely arrived, and sent the jackass to roam.
Set the dogs on—out the lane they went,
And the poor old jack to his feelings gave vent,
In a "yell" which appeared his thrapple to rent.

RIDGER.

FRANKLIN Nov. 18, 1859.

MR. EDITOR:—The Franklin Teachers' Institute held its third session at Coleraine Forge, on Friday evening, Nov. 11, 1859.—Mr. Clarke occupied the chair. Rev. A. R. Miller, teacher of the Coleraine school, opened the evening's exercises with an interesting and instructive oration, subject—"Youth.—As his superior talent is well known to the public, it is needless to say that we were all delighted to hear him speak. Suitable to the occasion, he had his scholars, numbering about seventy-five, systematically arranged before him, behind which were his patrons and a crowd of spectators. At the close of his address we were charmed by the sweet voices of his little girls, who united in singing a delightful and appropriate song. The following subject was then introduced for discussion: "Resolved, That parents should be compelled to send to school." It was argued in a very spirited manner, by both citizens and teachers, but the true friends of education were numerous and the affirmative triumphed. The following day was occupied with discussions upon various subjects. A goodly number of the citizens and scholars being present, contributed greatly to the interest of the session. Before adjournment the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That we, as an association, tender our hearty thanks to the citizens of Coleraine for their kindness and hospitality.

"*Un bien fait n'est jamais perdu.*"

KLEIO.

MECHANICSVILLE, Nov. 18, 1859.

MR. EDITOR:—The Ladies' Literary Social Circle, of this place, gave select performance on Monday evening of this week. It was truly a rich literary feast. The exercises consisted of Reading, Essay and Recitation, in all of which were displayed an eminent degree of cultivated taste and talent, and unaffected modesty. The sweetest charm of female excellence, characterized every performer. At the close of their exercises, Rev. J. S. Beyer, their chosen speaker, delivered an address that did honor to the circle and won the esteem and applause of the entire audience. We believe that the design of the circle is to promote literature, to prepare its members to meet the claims of society, and fit them to discharge the active duties of life, and as such it merits the warmest respect and approbation of the people. Female education possesses a real worth that can not be too highly prized, it gladdens and elevates society, and breathes life, hope and harmony around the domestic hearth.

The Circle is now raising a library, and contributions will be thankfully received.—Grateful thanks are tendered to Messrs. Wm. Lewis and R. Milton Speer, for their liberal contributions—would that such true friends of education were more numerous.

PHILO.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

THEY ARE ENTIRELY VEGETABLE,

And free from Alcoholic Stimulant, and all injurious ingredients; are pleasant in taste and smell, mild in their operation, will expel all morbid secretions from the body, give bloom to the pallid cheek, and health and vigor to the frame.

They will cure DYSPEPSIA.
They will cure NERVOUS DEBILITY.
They will cure LIVER COMPLAINT.
They will cure JAUNDICE.
They will cure DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.
They will cure CONSTIPATION.
They will cure PILES.
They will cure HEARTBURN.
They will cure SWIMMING OF THE HEAD.
They will cure FLUTTERING OF THE HEART.

They are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

THE TRIUMPH COMPLETE.

Another perfect cure of Epilepsy by Dr. Hance's Epileptic Pills.

DURANTS NECK, PERQUIMAN's Co., Oct. 1st, 1855.

DR. HANCE—Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted with *falling fits* for some years past, I determined to give your Pills a trial, (advertisement of which I saw in some of the papers,) and continued to use them for some months, until I was entirely cured. I believe them to be a first rate article; and since I have used them, I have not had one attack, and am now in the enjoyment of good health.

I am, very respectfully,
Yours, &c., JONATHAN J. JACOBS.

P. S. The Pills were recommended to me by Mr. Nathan Newby, of this county, to whose address you sent them.

Those Pills, besides curing Epilepsy, are a specific for all modifications of nervous disease. Price $5 per box; two boxes for $5; twelve boxes for $24. Persons enclosing a remittance will have the Pills sent them through the mail, on its receipt. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, No. 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md., to whom orders from all parts of the Union must be addressed.

MARRIED,

On the 17th inst., by Rev. S. H. Reid, Mr. G. ASHMAN MILLER to Miss AMANDA ROBB, both of Huntingdon.

On the 17th inst., by Rev. G. Van Artsdalen, Mr. MARK CAMPBELL STITT to Miss JANE ANN daughter of William Fleming, Esq., all near Shade Gap, Dublin township.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

MONDAY, Nov. 21.—The Flour market continues dull, but without any quotable change to note in prices; the inquiry for shipment is limited, and we are advised of sales of 250 bbls good straight superfine at $5,25, at which rate there are more sellers than buyers; 200 bbls extra at $5,50; 700 bbls Western do, on terms kept private, and 650 bbls fancy extra family, a favorite brand, at about $6,50 ₱ bbl, according to brand and quality. Rye Flour continues scarce, and sells at $4,25. Corn Meal is not inquired for, and Penn'a meal is dull at $3,87½ ₱ bbl.—Wheat—The receipts and stocks continue very light, but buyers come forward slowly, and only some 1,800 bus fair and good reds have been sold at 128@130c, mostly at the latter rate; white is held at 140@145c. Rye is wanted, and about 1,000 bus Penn sold in lots at 91@92c. Corn is dull to-day; there is not so much offering, but buyers come forward slowly, *and sales include some* 800 bus old yellow at 86c; 500 bus old and new white at 75c, and about 1,000 bus now, in lots, at 68@70c. Oats continue dull, with small sales of Delaware at 41@42c, and Penn'a at 43@44c.

A COOPER WANTED.—A Journeyman Cooper is wanted immediately by the subscriber. ADAM HATFIELD.

Huntingdon, Nov. 23, 1859–4t.

LOST.—About the 4th or 5th of October, 1859, a note against Isaac Brumbough for fifty dollars, dated August 12th, 1858, *payable in gold or silver.* Any person finding said note and returning it to me, will be rewarded for the same.

This is to notify all persons not to buy said note, as I have received value for the same.

SOLOMON LYNN.

Coffee Run, Nov. 23, 1859.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

FOR SALE

AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

OSGOOD'S Speller, 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Readers.
M'GUFFEY'S Speller and Readers.
SANDER'S do do do
SWAN'S do do do
COBB'S do do do
Town's Speller.
Scholar's Companion.
Smith's, Bullion's, Brown's and Tower's Grammars.
Warren's Physical Geography.
Mitchell's, Monteith and McNally's Geographies & Atlases.
Webster's and Worcester's Dictionaries.
Quackenbos' First Lessons in Composition.
Quackenbo's Composition and Rhetoric.
Greenleaf's, Stoddard's, Emmerson's, Swan's and Colburn's Arithmetics.
Peterson's Familiar Science.
Greenleaf's and Stoddard's Keys.
Davies' Algebra.
Parker's Juvenile Philosophy.
Parker's First Lessons in Natural Philosophy.
Parker's Philosophy.
Upham's Mental Philosophy.
Willard's History of the United States.
Berard's " " "
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's Penmanship, in eleven numbers.
Academical, Controllers' and other Copy Books.
Elements of Map Drawing, with plan for sketching maps by tri-angulation and improved methods of projection.
Davies' Elementary Geometry and Trigonometry.
Davies' Legendre's Geometry.
Fulton & Eastman's Book-keeping.
Book Keeping by Single Entry, by Hannaford & Payson.
Book Keeping by Single and Double Entry, by Hanaford & Payson.
Other books will be added and furnished to order.
A full stock of School Stationery always on hand.
Huntingdon, Pa.

D. P. GWIN has just received the largest and most fashionable and best selected Stock of Goods in the market, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Plain and Fancy, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Velvet Cords, &c.

The best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods in town, consisting of Black and Fancy Silks, Plain and Figured French Merinos, English Merinos, Fancy and Plain, All Wool De Lains, Plaids, Mousline De Lains, Alpacas, Lavella Cloths, De Barge, Coburgs, Ginghams, Prints, &c.

Also, Tickings, Checks, Muslins, Cotton and All Wool Flannels, Sack Flannels, Cloaking Cloths, Linseys, Brown and Blue Drills, Blankets, &c.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Collars, Dress Trimmings, Ribbonds, Gloves, Gauntlets, Cotton and Wool Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, Barred and Plain Jaconet and Swiss Muslins, Ladies' Vests, &c.

Also, Woolen Shawls, Waterloo and Bay State, Single and Double Brocha.

Also, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Groceries, Salt, &c.

Also, a large lot of Carpets and Oil Cloths, which will be sold cheap.

Call and examine my Goods, and you will be convinced that I have the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the Highest Market Prices. D. P. GWIN.

Huntingdon, Oct. 12, 1859.

WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS.

EVERYBODY'S LAWYER AND COUNSELLOR IN BUSINESS.

BY FRANK CROSBY,
OF THE PHILADELPHIA BAR.

It Tells You How to draw up PARTNERSHIP PAPERS and gives general forms for AGREEMENTS of all kinds, BILLS of SALE, LEASES and PETITIONS.
It Tells You How to draw up BONDS and MORTGAGES, AFFIDAVITS, POWERS of ATTORNEY, NOTES and BILLS of EXCHANGE, RECEIPTS and RELEASES.
It Tells You The laws for the COLLECTION of DEBTS, with the STATUTES of LIMITATION, and amount and kind of property EXEMPT from EXECUTION in every State.
It Tells You How to make an ASSIGNMENT properly, with FORMS for COMPOSITION with CREDITORS, and the INSOLVENT LAWS of every State.
It Tells You The legal relations existing between GUARDIAN and WARD, MASTER and APPRENTICE, and LANDLORD and TENANT.
It Tells You What constitutes LIBEL and SLANDER, and the Law as to MARRIAGE DOWER, the WIFE'S RIGHT in PROPERTY, DIVORCE and ALIMONY.
It Tells You The Law for MECHANICS' LIENS in every State, and the NATURALIZATION LAWS of this country, and how to comply with the same.
It Tells You The law concerning PENSIONS and how to obtain one, and the PRE-EMPTION LAWS to PUBLIC LANDS.
It Tells You The Law for PATENTS, with mode of procedure *in obtaining one, with* INTERFERENCES, ASSIGNMENTS and TABLE OF FEES.
It Tells You How to make your WILL, and how to ADMINISTER ON AN ESTATE, with the law and the requirements thereof in every State.
It Tells You The meaning of LAW TERMS in general use, and explains to you the LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE and JUDICIAL Powers of both the General and State Governments.
It Tells You HOW TO KEEP OUT OF LAW, by showing how to do your business legally, thus saving a *vast amount of property, and vexatious* litigation, by its timely consultation.

Single copies will be sent by mail, postage paid, to EVERY FARMER, EVERY MECHANIC, EVERY MAN OF BUSINESS, and EVERYBODY in EVERY STATE, on receipt of $1 00, or in law style of binding at $1 25.

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address

JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher,
No. 617 Sansom street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Nov. 23, 1859–6m.

LATEST BY PENAGRAPH.—The Harpers Ferry excitement is over, Old Brown is dead, or soon will be, quiet is again restored, and the citizens of Huntingdon are out of danger. The undersigned would therefore respectfully inform the citizens of this place and vicinity that he will be happy to wait on *them* at his old *stand in the Diamond,* (just where it used to be,) with choice groceries, confects, fruit, flour, &c., &c., all of which he will be pleased to exchange for cash or country produce at cash prices.

His old friends are always welcome and new ones invited.

He is also agent for T. H. Willson & Co.'s Premium Telegraph Fodder Cutter and Male's Combined Cider Mill and Corn Sheller. As labor saving and economical machines, they are invaluable, and farmers and others interested would do well to call and examine for themselves.

T. P. LOVE.

Huntingdon, Nov. 10, 1859.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—Passenger Trains arrive and depart as follows:

MORNING TRAIN

For HOPEWELL & intermediate Stations, leaves at 7:40 A. M.
Returning, arrives at HUNTINGDON at 12:34 P. M.

EVENING TRAIN

For SAXTON and intermediate Stations, leaves at 3:50 P. M.
Returning, arrives at HUNTINGDON at 7:35 P. M.

JNO. J. LAWRENCE,
Huntingdon, Nov. 16, 1859. *Superintendent.*

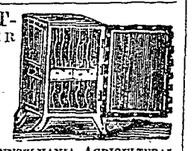
THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
BILL HEADS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C.

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,

AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

EVANS & WATSON'S SALAMANDER SAFES,
304 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.



ANOTHER TRIUMPH!

Philadelphia, Sept. 29, 1859.

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY:—The subscribers, your committee to examine the contents of a Salamander Safe, of Evans & Watson, after being exposed to a strong fire on the Fair Grounds for eight hours, respectfully represent—

That after seven cords of oak wood and three of pine had been consumed around the Safe, it was opened in the presence of the committee, and the contents taken out, a little warmed, but not even scorched.

Several Silver Medals heretofore received by the manufacturers, and a large quantity of documents were in the Safe, and came out entirely uninjured.

The experiment satisfied us of the capacity of Safes of this kind to protect contents from any fire to which they may be exposed.

The Committee awarded a Diploma and Silver Medal.

GEO. W. WOODWARD,
JOHN W. GEARY,
J. P. RUTHERFORD,
ALFRED S. GILLETT.

STILL ANOTHER.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 17, 1859.—Messrs. EVANS & WATSON, Philadelphia.

Gentlemen:—The Salamander Fire-Proof Safe of your manufacture, purchased by us from your Agent, Ferris & Garrett, of our city, some nine months ago, was severely tried by burglars last Saturday night, and although they had a sledge hammer, cold chisels, drill and gunpowder, they did not succeed in opening the Safe. The lock being one of "Hall's Patent Powder-proof," they could not get the powder into it, but drilled a hole in the lower panel and forced in a large charge, which was ignited, and although the door, inside and out, showed the explosion not to have been a small one, it was not forced open. We suppose they were the greater part of the night at work on it. We are much gratified at the result of the attempt to enter it, and if the above facts are of any service, you are at liberty to use them. Yours, truly,

BAYNARD & JONES.

GREAT FIRE!—ANOTHER TRIUMPH!!

KNOXVILLE, Tennessee, March 13th, 1859.

Messrs. EVANS & WATSON, Philadelphia:

Gentlemen—It affords me great pleasure to say to you that the Salamander Safe which I purchased of you in February, 1858, proved to be what you recommended it—a sure protection from fire. My storehouse, together with several others, was burned to the ground in March last.—The Safe fell through into the cellar, and was exposed to intense heat for six or eight hours, and when it was taken from the ruins and opened, all its contents where found to be in a perfect state, the books and the papers not being injured any whatever. I can cheerfully recommend your Safes to the community, believing, as I do, that they are as near fire-proof as it is possible for any Safe to be made.

THOMAS J. POWELL.

☞ A large assortment of the above SAFES always on hand, at 304 Chestnut street, (late 24 South Fourth street,) Philadelphia. [Nov. 16, 1859.]

IT is a fact that Fisher & McMurtrie are selling the genuine Hanover Buckskin Gloves, which cannot be found at any other store in Huntingdon.

DON'T FAIL to see "SIXTH ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT," and brilliant offers, in another column.

6TH ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT!

Continued success of the

COSMOPOLITAN ART ASSOCIATION.

From all sections of the country subscribers to this popular Art institution, (now in its sixth year,) are being received in a ratio unparalleled with that of any previous year.

Any person can become a member by subscribing $3, which will entitle him to

1st.—The beautiful Steel Engraving, "Shakspeare and His Friends."

2d.—A copy of the elegantly Illustrated Art Journal, one year.

3d.—A Free Season *Admission to the Galleries,* 548 Broadway, New York.

In addition to which, over *four hundred* valuable Works of Art are *given* to subscribers as Premiums, comprising choice Paintings, Sculptures, Outlines, &c., by the first American and Foreign Artists.

The superb Engraving, which every subscriber will receive *immediately* on receipt of subscription, entitled

"SHAKSPEARE AND HIS FRIENDS,"

is of a character to give unqualified pleasure and satisfaction. No work of equal value was ever before placed within reach of the people at such a price. The Engraving is of very large size, being printed on heavy plate paper, 30 by 38 inches, making a most superb ornament suitable for the walls of either the library, parlor, or office.

It can be sent to any part of the country, by mail, with safety, being packed in a cylinder, postage *prepaid.*

Think of it! Such a work, delivered free of charge, and the *Art Journal,* one year, for *three dollars!*

Subscriptions will be received until the evening of Tuesday the 31st of January, 1860, at which time the books will close and the Premiums be given to subscribers.

No person is restricted to a single subscription. Those remitting $15 are entitled to six memberships.

Subscriptions from California, the Canadas, and all Foreign Provinces, must be $3 50 instead of $3, in order to defray extra postages, &c.

Persons wishing to form clubs will apply for a circular of terms, &c.

The beautifully Illustratrd Art Journal, giving full particulars, will be sent on receipt of 18 cents, in stamps or coin. Address

C. L. DERBY, Actuary C. A. A.,
546 and 548 Broadway, New York.

Subscriptions also received by J. J. LAWRENCE, Honorary Secretary for Huntingdon and vicinity.

Nov. 16, 1859.

SONGS AND BALLADS, &C.,

FOR EVERYBODY.

The Gentle Annie Melodist,
The Dime Melodist,
The Dime Song Book, No. 1,
The Dime Song Book, No. 2,
The Dime Dialogues,
The Dime Speaker,
The Dime Cook Book,
The Dime Recipe Book.

For sale at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

FOR 1859–60. FARREIRA & THOMSON,

No. 818 Market street, *above eighth,* south side, PHILADELPHIA, have just opened their

ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF FURS,

manufactured under their immediate supervision, from FURS, selected with the greatest of care from the largest stocks of the *European Market,* embracing every variety and style of

LADIES AND CHILDRENS WEAR.

Those purchasing early will have the benefit of a larger selection. Besides the above goods, we have a fine assortment of BUFFALO ROBES, GENTLEMENS' FUR GLOVES & COLLARS.

The *prices* for all these goods are at a lower figure than they can be bought any where in the city.

FARREIRA & THOMSON,
818 Market street, Philad'a.

N. B.—*Furs* altered and repaired and *Fur Trimmings* made to order. [Nov. 9, '59–5½m.]

SUCCESS COMPLETE!

JUST ISSUED, THE FOURTH EDITION OF

GROBE'S NEW METHOD FOR THE PIANO.

Opus 1100.

Price.....$2 50 nett.
Bound in cloth..... 3 00 nett.

Bulletin of testimonials in favor of this unique work, which has already attained an unprecedented popularity.

From "The Musical Review," New York.

We must confess that we are naturally not very favorably inclined to new methods for the piano. We have had so many instructions during the last twenty years, that we really think mankind ought, at least, to know how to play the piano-forte. However, Mr. Grobe's book has somewhat altered our mind. It offers really something new, containing some truth we have not met with until now in any other method. It adheres for once to the principle, "THINGS BEFORE SIGNS." He justly says, 'The *reality* (playing) should come first, and the things which belong *to notation* should follow.' This is excellent. This is just. This is true and natural. The whole system is based upon this principle—always with special regard to the primary instruction in the art of playing the piano. It is for this reason that such matters as belong to a more advanced period in the player's art are excluded, and will follow in another book. The music in the book practically illustrates the principle of the author. The whole is to the point, and will be found extremely useful."

From "The Musical World," New York.

"First, we find a very sensible preface, in the course of which a list is given of the most distinguished of his predecessors in the book-making and piano-teaching profession—the date of their birth and death being not forgotten. Mr. Grobe is doubtless better posted in the matter of musical biography than any other musical man. We find, next, some excellent advice to teachers, which we should like to transcribe to our columns, had we space.—Mr. Grobe's admirable book is, on the whole, heartily to be recommended to the musical public.

From "The Daily Picayune," New Orleans.

"Mr. Grobe stands very high as a professor and teacher, and composer for the piano. The book he now gives to the public bears upon its face, to every experienced and practised eye, conviction that there is a valuable addition to the rudimentary musical lore of the country and the world. A better primary instructor in the art, and especially in the science of piano-playing, has never before been published."

From "The Public Ledger," Philadelphia.

"Lee & Walker have published Professor Charles Grobe's New Method for the Piano, which is one of the best elementary works upon the subject extant. Mr. Grobe is a thorough master of his subject, and he leads the pupils pleasantly through the task, by making it clear, simple, progressive and practical."

Copies will be sent by mail, free of postage, on the receipt of the marked price.

LEE & WALKER, Publishers,
722 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Nov. 9, 1859.

VIOLINS,

GUITARS,

SYMPHONIANS, ACCORDEONS AND FIFES,

For sale cheap at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawn—The Jubilee—Hunten's and Bertini's enlarged and improved instructors—Weiland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Base Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

STRAY STEER.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, some time since, a red steer, supposed to be three years old, with a piece off his right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

JOHN WEIGHT.

Spruce Creek, Nov. 2, 1859.*

DON'T FORGET,

THE PLACE TO CALL

IS AT G. A. MILLER'S STORE.

GROCERIES,
DRY-GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS.
FRESH CONFECTIONARIES, &C., &C.

AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!
AND AS GOOD AS THE BEST!

G. A. Miller has now on hand a well selected stock of fresh Groceries, Dry Goods, Confectionaries, Hats & Caps, Boots & shoes, Notions, &c., all of which he is ready to dispose of at reasonable prices.

The public generally are invited to call and examine his goods.

Thankful for the patronage he has received, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

Store room in the old Temperance Hall, Main street. Don't miss the place.

Huntingdon, Nov. 2, 1859.

YOU will find the Largest and Best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods at D. P. GWIN'S.

BOOTS & SHOES, Hats & Caps, the largest assortment and cheapest to be found at D. P. GWIN'S.

DON'T FAIL to see "SIXTH ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT!" and brilliant offers, in another column.

IT is a fact that Fisher & McMurtrie will give a pledge to the public, that if they call on them for good bargains and cheap goods, they will not be disappointed.

TAKE NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves indebted, either by note or book account, will save cost by calling forthwith and settling up, as I am determined to have all my old accounts closed. JAMES BRICKER.

Huntingdon, Oct, 19. 1859.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS.—JOS. MIDDLETON & CO.

Nos. 156 and 158 North Fourth Street, (above Arch street,) PHILADELPHIA.

☞ BRANDIES, WINES and GINS imported direct and warranted *pure,* and sold to Druggists and Hotel Keepers at lowest wholesale prices.

☞ The assortment consists of *Otard, Pinet* and Rochelle Brandies; Old Port, Sherry, Madeira, Lisbon and Champagne Wines; also, a large stock of Monongahela Whiskey, Holland Gin, Irish and Scotch Whiskey.

October 19, 1859–3m.

TRUSSES! BRACES!! SUPPORTERS!!! C. H. NEEDLES,

S. W. Corner Twelfth and Race streets, PHILADELPHIA.

Practical Adjuster of Rupture Trusses and Mechanical Remedies. Has constantly on hand a large stock of Genuine French Trusses; also, a complete assortment of the best American, including the celebrated Whites Patent Lever Truss, believed by the best authorities to be superior to any yet invented. English and American Supporters and Belts, Shoulder Braces, Suspensory Bandages, Self-Injecting Syringes, adapted to both sexes, in neat portable cases, French Pessaries, Urinal Bags, &c.

Orders and letters of enquiry, will meet prompt attention.

October 19, 1859–1y.

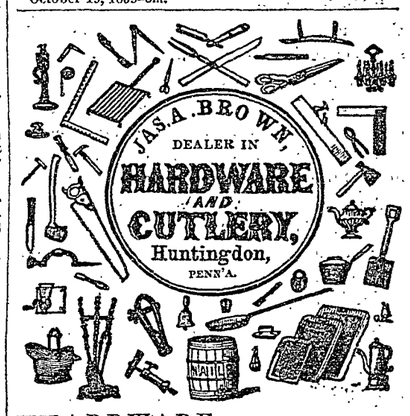
ESENWEIN'S TAR AND WOOD NAPTHA PECTORAL, IS THE BEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD, for the *Cure* of *Coughs and Colds,* Croup Bronchitis, Asthma, Difficulty in Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, and for the relief of patients in the advanced stages of *Consumption,* together with all Diseases of the Throat and Chest, and which predisposed to Consumption. It attacks the root of disease, and makes the fell destroyer succumb to its influence. It also produces free expectoration, and induces healthy action in the diseased Mucous Membranes and Tissues. It is peculiarly adapted to the radical cure of *Asthma.* One dose of this invaluable Syrup often gives ease, and consequently sleep, which the peculiar nature of this disease denies him. It is very pleasant to the taste, and prompt in its effects. *Try it,* and be convinced, that it is invaluable in the *cure* of *Bronchial affections.*

☞ PRICE 50 cts. per BOTTLE.

Prepared only by
A. ESENWEIN, *Druggist*
N. W. Cor. NINTH & POPLAR Sts., PHILADELPHIA.

N. B.—For sale by J. Read and S. S. Smith, Huntingdon, R. McBurney & Elias Musser, McAlevy's Fort, John D. Rothrick, Marklesburg, and Geo. K. Smith & Co., Phila., and Storekeepers and Druggists generally.

October 19, 1859–6m.



HARDWARE

FOR THE MILLION!!!

A LARGER STOCK THAN EVER BEFORE,

AT CITY PRICES, BY

JAMES A. BROWN.

This arrival of Goods exceeds all others in importance,

1st. Because it supplies "*The People*" with *indispensable* articles, and many useful inventions which can be found ONLY in a HARDWARE STORE.

2nd. The Subscriber, purchasing in large quantities from manufacturers, is enabled to Sell these Goods from

20 TO 100 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than they are usually sold by other merchants. His stock includes a complete variety of

BUILDING-HARDWARE, MECHANICS' TOOLS,
CUTLERY, HOLLOW-WARE,
OILS, PAINTS, SADDLERY,
VARNISHES, GLASS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
STEEL, IRON, CHAIN PUMPS, LEAD PIPE,
MOROCCO and LINING SKINS, &c.,

Together with a full assortment of everything pertaining to his line of business.

☞ All orders receive prompt attention.

JAS. A. BROWN.

Huntingdon, Oct. 4, 1859.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

AT

D. P. GWIN'S STORE.

D. P. GWIN has just received the largest and most fashionable and best selected Stock of Goods in the market, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Plain and Fancy, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Velvet Cords, &c.

The best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods in town, consisting of Black and Fancy Silks, Plain and Figured French Merinos, English Merinos, Fancy and Plain, All Wool De Lains, Plaids, Mousline De Lains, Alpacas, Lavella Cloths, De Barge, Coburgs, Ginghams, Prints, &c.

Also, Tickings, Checks, Muslins, Cotton and All Wool Flannels, Sack Flannels, Cloaking Cloths, Linseys, Brown and Blue Drills, Blankets, &c.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Collars, Dress Trimmings, Ribbonds, Gloves, Gauntlets, Cotton and Wool Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, Barred and Plain Jacon

THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

Scissorings.

BEWARE of the man who loves not music, flowers, and the crying of a child.

Do thou but do thy best, and then thou may'st defy the devil to do his worst.

IT has been said that to make home happy, the husband must be somewhat deaf, and the wife somewhat blind.

To get angry at nothing, and to be surprised at nothing, are said to constitute two steps toward perfection.

MILLIONS of blades of grass make a meadow, and millions and millions of grains of sand make a mountain; the ocean is made of water and life of minutes.

A YOUNG man in New York having advertised for a wife, received word from eighteen married men that he might have theirs.

"MA, didn't the minister say last Sunday, that sparks flew upward?" "Yes, dear; how came you to think of it?" "Because yesterday I saw cousin Sally's spark staggering down the street, and fall downward."

IT takes a good many shovel fulls of earth to bury the truth. Bury as deep as men may, it will have a rising, notwithstanding. They may roll a great stone, and seal the grave wherein it laid, and set a watch upon it, still, like its Lord, it comes forth again at its appointed time.

THE last words of the Old Testament are a fearful threatening: "Lest I come and smite the earth with a curse." The last words of the New Testament are a benediction: "The grace of the Lord Jesus Christ be with you all.—Amen."

"GOOD mawning, Miss Prim; how's your health since you took the wataw cuaw?"

"Much bettaw, I thank you; maw says I'm much stoutaw and freshaw, she shall send me again this summaw."

A PUBLISHER of a newspaper out West, in the first issue of his journal, returns thanks to those who loaned him the pecuniary means, and gratitude to Heaven that there is no law in the State enforcing imprisonment for debt.

AT a social party one evening, the question was put, "What is Religion?" "Religion," replied one of the party, "religion is an insurance against fire in the next world, for which honesty is the best policy."

LET no man be too proud to work. Let no man be ashamed of a hard fist or a sunburnt countenance. Let him be ashamed only of ignorance and sloth. Let him only be ashamed of idleness and dishonesty.

GRATITUDE is the fairest blossom which springs from the soul; and the heart of man knoweth none more fragrant.

THE following toast was recently given at a fishing frolic:

"*The Ladies*—May we kiss all the girls we please, and please all the girls we kiss."

AN exchange paper says: The best safety-valve to a boiler is a sober engineer. Congress may legislate till doomsday, but as long as the officers carry too much steam, the boats will follow their example.

"OH, dear!" blubbered an urchin who had been suffering from the application of a birch. "Oh, my! they tell me that forty rods make a furlong, but I can tell a bigger story than that. Let 'em get such a plaguy lickin' as I've had, and they'll find out that one rod makes an acher."

AN exchange says, a little boy had made a stool, no two of the legs of which were of a length. While trying in vain to make it stand upon the floor, he looked into his mother's face and asked, "Does God see everything?" "Yes, my child." "Well," replied the son, "I guess he will laugh when he sees this stool."

AN editor writing from the Red Sweet Springs says: "They are delightful; and the baths are really charming. But at this place editors are forced down on an equality with lawyers, doctors, and members of Congress —which I don't like. In fact, dead heads are not recognized in this part of the State."

IN youth hearts are trumps; in manhood diamonds and clubs, according to circumstances; but after all, spades are sure to win when the game of life closes.

"JOHN, did Mrs. Green get the medicine I ordered?" "I guess so," replied John, "for I saw crape on the door the next morning."

FRIENDSHIP is more firmly secured by lenity towards failings, than attachment to excellencies. The former is valued as a kindness which cannot be claimed, the latter is exacted as the payment of debt to merit.

IF men could find the fabled fountain that is said to restore youth and health and beauty, with what eagerness they would rush to drink its waters. Yet with scarcely less eagerness do they now rush to drink of waters that bring upon them premature old age and disease and loathsome ugliness.

YOUNG ladies, if they knew how disgusting to a man slovenless is, and how attractive are displays of neatness and taste, would array themselves in the simplicity and cleanliness of the lilies of the field; or, if able to indulge in costly attire, they would study the harmonious blending of colors which nature exhibits in all her works.

A girl of good taste and habits of neatness, can make a more fascinating toilet with a shilling calico dress, a few ribbons and laces, and such ornaments as she can gather from the garden, than a vulgar, tawdry creature who is worth millions, and has the jewelry and wardrobe of a princess.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

1859. 1859.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING.—The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of our friends and customers, as well as the citizens of the town and country generally, to our new and extensive assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

consisting of every article of gentlemens' furnishing goods. We deem it unnecessary to make a newspaper flourish, being confident that a call and an examination of our goods, will satisfy all, that our goods are just what we recommend them to be, well made, of good material, and as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought in the county of Huntingdon. It is not our desire, as it is not the policy of honest men, to deceive, but this much we will say, that we will guarantee to all who may favor us with their patronage, entire satisfaction as to quality, fit and price. Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing, not found in our stock, by leaving their measure, they can be accommodated at short notice. Call at the corner of the diamond, Long's new house.

M. GUTMAN & CO.

Sept. 21, 1859.

GOOD NEWS!

WASHING CLOTHES BY PRESSURE!!

After fifty years experimenting, the proper article has at last been invented for women, in their hard labors on the washing day.

"IT IS EVEN SO!"

Come and be convinced that we are ahead of every machine in use. *Half the time, half the hard labor, and half in wear and tear, is saved.* Little boys and girls can do the work for their mothers. The undersigned have purchased the exclusive right of Huntingdon and Mifflin counties, to make and sell J. T. MUDGE'S

EMANCIPATOR WASHING MACHINES.

We desire the public to call and examine this truly LABOR-SAVING MACHINE. It can be seen at our shop on Washington street.

BALL & PEIGHTAL.

We, the undersigned, having thoroughly tested the above-machine, take pleasure in recommending the same to the public, assured that they will find it all that is above claimed:

Peter Swoope,	Mrs. Lydia R. Orbison,
Dr. J. H. Dorsey,	" Annie E. Scott,
J. S. Morris,	" Elizabeth Williamson,
Christian Long,	" E. B. Saxton,
Chas. H. Miller,	Wm. Brewster,
John M. Cunningham,	Mrs. M. C. Given,
John S. Miller,	" Mary B. Simpson,
D. H. Foster,	" Mary C. Marks,
Mrs. C. J. Cunningham,	" Lizzie L. Dorris,
" Julia M. Miles,	" Ann E. Campbell,
" C. A. Lewis,	" Jennie C. Murray.

Huntingdon, August 3, 1859.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS,

For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

PLATFORM SCALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, SUITABLE FOR RAILROADS, &c., for weighing hay, coal, ore and merchandise generally. Purchasers run no risk, every scale is guaranteed correct, and if, after trial, not found satisfactory, can be returned without charge.

☞ Factory at the old stand, established for more than thirty-five years. ABBOTT & CO.,

Corner of Ninth and Melon streets.

Sebt. 7, 1859–3m. PHILADELPHIA.

BUFFALO ROBES,

BY THE BALE OR ROBE, AT GEORGE F. WOMRATH'S, Nos. 415 and 417 Arch streets, PHILAD'A. Also, a large assortment of LADIES' FANCY FURS, of own manufacture.

N. B.—The highest price paid for all kinds of *SHIPPING FURS.* [Sept. 28, '59–3m.]

GROCERY STORE.—The undersigned having opened out opposite the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad depot, in Huntingdon, is determined to sell all articles usually kept in Grocery Stores, CHEAP FOR CASH, OR APPROVED COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Call and examine for yourselves, before purchasing elsewhere.

FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

Huntingdon, Aug. 10, 1859.

WINDOW SHADES,

CORDS,

TASSELS, &C.,

and BAILEY'S FIXTURES,

A handsome assortment just received and for sale at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

MARSHALL'S PATENT SHOEMAKER'S ASSISTANT LAST HOLDER.

This machine is designed to hold *a Boot or Shoe* of every size, and also in every desired position, for Pegging, Sewing, Paring Off, Buffing, Setting up Edges, &c., thus rendering it unnecessary for the Operator to hold his work either in his hands, upon his knees, or against his breast. He can stand or sit at pleasure. It has also a Lap-iron attached. The whole apparatus is strong, durable, light, compact and portable.

By the use of this machine, the business in question is greatly facilitated, and also rendered one of the most healthful and pleasant occupations among the mechanical arts.

The above Invention needs only to be seen to be appreciated.

STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE BY

T. W. MAYHEW,

Lancaster City, Pa.

☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜

June 8, 1859–6m.

H. K. NEFF, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE, Hill street, opposite Dr. Luden, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.

April 13, 1859.

MEDICAL SCIENCE. The history of "HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS," the most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, and diseases arising from a disordered liver or stomach, place it among the most astonishing discoveries that have taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which these Bitters are applicable are so universal, that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation. It is a fact that, in the minds of many persons, a prejudice exists against what are called Patent Medicines; but why should this prevent you resorting to an article that has such an array of testimony to support it as Hoofland's German Bitters? Physicians prescribe it, Why should *you* discard it? Judges, usually considered men of talent, have and do use it in their own families. Why should *you* reject it? Clergymen, and those the most eminent, take it; why should not *you?* Let not your prejudice usurp your reason, to the everlasting injury of your health; if you are sick, and require a medicine, try these Bitters.

These Bitters are prepared and sold by Dr. C. M. Jackson, No. 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., and by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle. See that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle.

May 11, 1859–1y.

J. BRICKER'S

BRICKER'S
J. BRICKER'S

MAMMOTH STORE
MAMMOTH STORE
MAMMOTH STORE

IS THE PLACE
IS THE PLACE
IS THE PLACE

FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.
FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.
FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.

BLANK BOOKS Of any size or pattern not upon our shelves, will be furnished to order at City prices. Call at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

WOSTENHOLMS' Celebrated IXL Knives and Razors, for sale by

JAS. A. BROWN.

J. RRICKER'S Mammoth Store is the place to get the worth of your money, in Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c., &c., &c.

JACKSON HOTEL,

RAILROAD STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.

Travelers, and citizens of the county, are informed that no pains will be spared to make them feel comfortable and at home at this House. [April 6, '59.

MANSION HOUSE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

CHRISTIAN COUTS, Proprietor.

My old patrons and the traveling public in general, may expect warm receptions and good accommodations.

April 6, 1859.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. & H. WILLIAMS, Proprietors.

The best accommodations for man and beast. Give us a trial and be convinced. [April 13, '59.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.

April 13, 1859.

THE PARIS MANTILLA AND CLOAK EMPORIUM,

No. 708 Chestnut street, *above Seventh,* PHILADELPHIA.

The subscribers invite the attention of *Ladies,* to their Stock of there Elegant Garments, of which being a *specialty,* they are enabled to offer the most complete assortment in the city.

They will open in the course of *September* and *October,* their IMPORTATIONS consisting of

EMBROIDERED VELVET CLOAKS,
HANDSOME BEAVER CLOAKS,
OPERA CLOAKS, &c., &c.,

and elegant specimens of Home Manufacture, will be added to their Stock EVERY MORNING THROUGH THE SEASON.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
Importers and Manufacturers of
CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,
No. 708 Chestnut street, (above 7th,) PHILAD'A.

August 31, 1859–3m.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

AT THE

MAMMOTH STORE!!

J. BRICKER has returned from the East with a tremendous Stock of Goods. They are upon the shelves in his New Rooms, on Hill street, near M'Ateer's Hotel, ready for customers.

His Stock consists of every variety of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
DRY GOODS, GENERALLY,
GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE.
HARDWARE AND GLASSWARE,
CROCKERY AND CEDARWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,

And everything to be found in the most extensive stores.

His Stock is New and of the Best, and the public are invited to call and examine, free of charge.

Huntingdon, June 1, 1859.

NEW MARBLE YARD

IN HUNTINGDON,

ON MIFFLIN STREET, BETWEEN SMITH AND FRANKLIN.

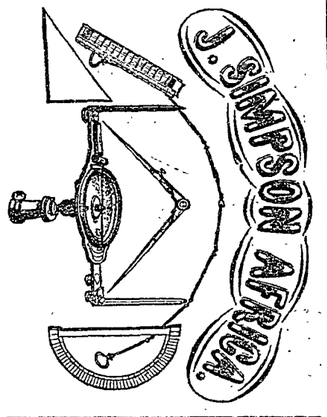
JAMES M. GREEN informs the citizens of the county generally, that he has opened a MARBLE YARD at the above place, and is prepared to finish marble to order in the best workmanlike manner.

TOMB STONES, BUREAU and STAND TOPS, &c., furnished on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

He hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Huntingdon, May 4, 1859–1y.

PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,
OFFICE, HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.

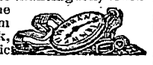


NEW WATCH & JEWELRY STORE.

J. W. DUTCHER,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon, vicinity, and surrounding country, that he has commenced business in the room formerly occupied by Levi Westbrook, and hopes to receive a share of public patronage.



WATCHES and CLOCKS repaired in the best workmanlike manner.

His stock of WATCHES and JEWELRY is of the best. All of which he will dispose of at reasonable prices.

The public generally, are requested to give him a call and examine his stock. [March 2, 1859.]

NOTICE TO ALL!!

The subscriber, who has for more than one year, carried on business in company with Messrs. F. BRANDY, H. GIN, P. WHISKEY, and Mr. LAGER BEER, has this day *dissolved partnership with the above firm!* All claims against the old firm will be paid by the subscriber, and all those indebted to the firm will pay him.

CLOCKS, and *JEWELRY* will be kept on hand

WATCHES always be repaired. A good stock of CLOCKS, WATCHES and JEWELRY for customers who may favor him with a call.

JOSEPH REIGGER.

Huntingdon, March 2, 1859.

READY RECKONER. A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables, containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS, Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

VARNISH! VARNISH!! ALL KINDS, *warranted good;* for sale at BROWN'S Hardware Store,

April 28, 1858—tf. Huntingdon, Pa.

LADIES, ATTENTION!—My assortment of beautiful dress goods is now open, and ready for inspection. Every article of dress you may desire, can be found at my store. D. P. GWIN.

PAPER! PAPER!! Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at

LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BLASTING POWDER and SAFETY-FUSE, for sale low, at the Hardware Store of

JAS. A. BROWN.

GROCERIES, &c., &c.—Call at the cheap store of BENJ. JACOBS. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices. (oct28.)

BOOK BINDING. Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

ST. VINCENT AND VISITATION MANUALS, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE.

FOR THE LADIES. A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BOOTS & SHOES.—Old and young can be fitted at BENJ. JACOBS' store in Market square, Huntingdon, Pa. (oct28.)

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

New Styles—Prices from $50 *to* $125. *Extra Charge of* $5 *for Hemmers.*

495 Broadway,.....New York.
730 Chestnut street,.....Philadelphia.

These Machines sew from two spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no re-winding of thread; they Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, as is required by other machines. They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for *one cent an hour,* and are, unquestionably, the *best Machines* in the market for family sewing, on account of their simplicity, durability, ease of management, and adaptation to all varieties of family sewing—executing either heavy or fine work with equal facility, and without special adjustment.

As evidence of the unquestioned superiority of their Machines, the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY beg leave to respectfully refer to the the following

TESTIMONIALS.

"Having had one of Grover & Baker's Machines in my family for nearly a year and a-half, I take pleasure in commending it as every way reliable for the purpose for which it is designed—Family Sewing."—*Mrs. Joshua Leavitt, wife of Rev. Dr. Leavitt, Editor of N. Y. Independent.*

"I confess myself delighted with your Sewing Machine, which has been in my family for many months. It has always been ready for duty, requiring no adjustment, and is easily adapted to every variety of family sewing, by simply changing the spools of thread."—*Mrs. Elizabeth Strickland, wife of Rev. Dr. Strickland, Editor of N. Y. Christian Advocate.*

"After trying several different good machines, I preferred yours, on account of its simplicity, and the perfect ease with which it is managed, as well as the strength and durability of the seam. After long experience, I feel competent to speak in this manner, and to confidently recommend it for every variety of family sewing."—*Mrs. E. B. Spooner, wife of the Editor of Brooklyn Star.*

"I have used a GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machine for two years, and have found it adapted to all kinds of family sewing, from Cambric to Broadcloth. Garments have been worn out without the giving way of a stitch. The Machine is easily kept in order, and easily used."—*Mrs. A. B. Whipple, wife of Rev. Geo. Whipple, New York.*

"Your Sewing Machine has been in use in my family the past two years, and the ladies request me to give you their testimonials to its perfect adaptedness, as well as labor-saving qualities in the performance of family and household sewing."—*Robert Boorman, New York.*

"For several months we have used Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and have come to the conclusion that every lady who desires her sewing *beautifully and quickly* done, would be most fortunate in possessing one of these reliable and indefatigable 'iron needle-women,' whose combined qualities of *beauty, strength and simplicity,* are invaluable."—*J. W. Morris, daughter of Gen. Geo. P. Morris, Editor of the Home Journal.*

Extract of a letter from THOS. R. LEAVITT, Esq., an American gentleman, now resident in Sydney, New South Wales, dated January 12, 1858:

"I had a tent made in Melbourne, in 1853, in which there were over three thousand yards of sewing done with one of Grover & Baker's Machines, and a *single* seam of that has outstood all the *double* seams sewed by sailors with a needle and twine."

"If Homer could be called up from his murky hades, he would sing the advent of Grover & Baker as a more benignant miracle of art than was ever Vulcan's smithy. He would denounce midnight shirt-making as 'the direful spring of woes unnumbered.'"—*Prof. North.*

"I take pleasure in saying, that the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have more than sustained my expectation. After trying and returning others, I have three of them in operation in my different places, and, after four years' trial, have no fault to find."—*J. H. Hammond, Senator of South Carolina.*

"My wife has had one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for some time, and I am satisfied it is one of the best labor-saving machines that has been invented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*J. G. Harris, Governor of Tennessee.*

"It is a beautiful thing, and puts everybody into an excitement of good humor. Were I a Catholic, I should insist upon Saints Grover and Baker having an eternal holiday in commemoration of their good deeds for humanity."—*Cassius M. Clay.*

"I think it by far the best patent in use. This Machine can be adapted from the finest cambric to the heaviest cassimere. It sews stronger, faster, and more beautifully than one can imagine. If mine could not be replaced, money could not buy it."—*Mrs. J. G. Brown, Nashville, Tenn.*

"It is speedy, very neat, and durable in its work; is easily understood and kept in repair. I earnestly recommend this Machine to all my acquaintances and others."—*Mrs. M. A. Forrest, Memphis, Tenn.*

"We find this Machine to work to our satisfaction, and with pleasure recommend it to the public, as we believe the Grover & Baker to be the best Sewing Machine in use."—*Deary Brothers, Altsomia, Tenn.*

"If used exclusively for family purposes, with ordinary care, I will wager they will last one 'three score years and ten,' and never get out of fix."—*John Erskine, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I have had your Machine for several weeks, and am perfectly satisfied that the work it does is the best and most beautiful that ever was made."—*Maggie Aimison, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I use my Machine upon coats, dressmaking, and fine linen stitching, and the work is admirable—far better than the best hand-sewing, or any other machine I have ever seen."—*Lucy B. Thompson, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I find the work the strongest and most beautiful I have ever seen, made either by hand or machine, and regard the Grover & Baker Machine as one of the greatest blessings to our sex."—*Mrs. Taylor, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I have one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines in use in my family, and find it invaluable. I can confidently recommend it to all persons in want of a machine."—*G. T. Thompson, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I take pleasure in certifying to the utility of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines. I have used one on almost every description of work for months, and find it much stronger and better in every respect than work done by hand."—*Mrs. D. W. Wheeler, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I would be unwilling to dispose of my Grover & Baker Machine for a large amount, could I not replace it again at pleasure."—*Mrs. H. G. Scovel, Nashville, Tenn.*

"Our two machines, purchased from you, do the work of twenty young ladies. We with pleasure recommend the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine to be the best in use."—*N. Stillman & Co., Memphis, Tenn.*

"The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine works admirably. I think the stitch and work far superior to that of any Sewing Machine I ever saw. On fine work, I think the Machine would be hard to beat."—*J. W. Davie, Memphis, Tenn.*

"I find the Machine easily managed, very durable, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who wish convenience, economy, and pleasure."—*Mrs. F. Titus, Memphis, Tenn.*

"The Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have given such satisfaction that we cheerfully recommend them to all who wish a good and substantial Sewing Machine. It executes work with much care and speed, and more finely than any other machine I have seen."—*Mrs. R. B. Mitchell, Memphis, Tenn.*

"I am happy to give my testimony in favor of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and of the perfect satisfaction it gives in every respect. It sews neatly, and is by no means complicated, and I prefer it to all others I have seen."—*Mrs. Bryan, wife of Rev. A. M. Bryan, Memphis, Tenn.*

"It affords me much pleasure to say, that the Machine works well; and I do not hesitate to recommend it as possessing all the advantages you claim for it. My wife is very much pleased with it, and we take pleasure in certifying to this effect."—*R. C. Brinkley, Memphis, Tenn.*

"It gives me pleasure to find the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine giving so much satisfaction. I have it in constant use, and find it all that could be desired. It is the most simple and durable machine in use, and I heartily recommend it."—*F. M. White, Memphis, Tenn.*

"Having seen, examined, and used many other kinds of Sewing Machines, I feel free to say, that the Grover & Baker Machines are far superior to all others in use."—*M. Francios Seltz, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I consider my Sewing Machine invaluable, and would not take five times its cost, if I could not supply its place. With it I can do all my family sewing in about one-fourth the time I could with my hands."—*M. J. Scott, Nashville, Tenn.*

☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜

A LOCAL AGENT WANTED.

February 16, 1859.

NEW BOOKS! FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

THE HOUSE: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Rural Architecture; or, How to Build Dwellings, Barns, Stables, and Out Dwellings of all kinds. With a Chapter on Churches and School-Houses. Price, 50 cents.

THE GARDEN: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Horticulture; or, How to Cultivate Vegetables, Fruits, and Flowers. With a Chapter on Ornamental Trees and Shrubs. Price, 50 cents.

THE FARM: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Agriculture; or, How to Cultivate all the Field Crops. With an Essay on Farm Management, etc. Price, 50 cents.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry; or, How to Breed and Rear the Various Tenants of the Barn-yard, etc., etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO TALK: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Conversation and Debate, with Directions for Acquiring a Grammatical Style, and more than Five Hundred Common Mistakes Corrected. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO BEHAVE: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Republican Etiquette, and Guide to Correct Personal Habits; with Rules for Debating Societies and Deliberative Assemblies, etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO DO BUSINESS: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Affairs and Guide to success in Life; with a Collection of Business Forms, and a Dictionary of Commercial Terms, etc. Price, 50 cents.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE! If you want your card neatly printed upon envelopes, call at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

SILK BONNETS, latest styles, in great variety, and very cheap, at the mammoth store of

D. P. GWIN.

BUTCHER-KNIVES and Carvers, in great variety, for sale at the Hardware Store of

JAMES A. BROWN.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

T. P. LOVE, Dealer in Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. R. ALLISON MILLER Dentist, Office in Brick Row opposite the Court House Huntingdon, Pa.

L. EVANS & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal. Office, Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES M. GREEN, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer, Huntingdon, Pa.

W. MEGAHAN & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal. B. L. Megahan, General Agent, McConnellstown, Huntingdon county, Pa.

DAVID BLAIR, Miner and Shipper of Broad Top Coal. Office Huntingdon Pa.

H. K. NEFF, M. D., offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office, Hill street, opposite Dr. Luden's.

G. A. MILLER, Dealer in Groceries, Confectionaries, &c., &c.

C. COUTS, Proprietor of the Mansion House.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

J. S. MILLER, Proprietor of the Jackson House.

W. & H. WILLIAMS, Proprietors of the Franklin House.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN SCOTT. SAMUEL T. BROWN.

SCOTT & BROWN, Attorneys at Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office same as that formerly occupied by Mr. Scott. Huntingdon, Oct. 17, 1853.

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. W. DUTCHER, Watchmaker and repairer, and dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. T. A. LYON, Dentist, SHADE GAP, Huntingdon county, Pa. November 11, 1857.

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

JAMES BRICKER, Dealer in Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO. Founders, Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

MOSES STROUS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, etc.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

BENJ. JACOBS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Groceries, Queensware, &c. &c.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing. Huntingdon, Pa.

FISHER & McMURTRIE, Dealers in Dry Goods, Grain, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

LEVI WESTBROOK, Dealer in Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Misses' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Morocco Leather, etc.

JOSEPH REIGGER, Watchmaker and dealer in Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

OWEN BOAT, Carriage and Waggon Manufacturer.

JOHN F. RAMEY, County Surveyor, Huntingdon, Pa. Office on Hill street, one door east of the Huntingdon Marble Yard.

REFERENCES—L. T. Watson, Philadelphia; J. P. Leslie, Geologist, Philadelphia; Charles Mickley, Rough and Ready Furnace, Hon. Jonathan M'Williams.

RICHARD LANGDON, Miner and Dealer in Broad Top Coal, Hopewell, Bedford county, Pa. [Nov. 3, '58.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY. ISENBERG & CONNOR, are prepared to furnish all orders for ALE, promptly. Address Isenberg & Connor, Alexandria, Huntingdon county, Pa. [Dec. 8, 1858.]

AMMERMAN & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal, Broad Top, Huntingdon co., Penna. [Nov. 3, 1858.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

Huntingdon, April 14, 1858. H. ROMAN.

HARDWARE! A Large Stock, just received, and for sale at BRICKER'S MAMMOTH STORE.

DRY GOODS!—A fine assortment on hand for the accommodation of customers, at BENJ. JACOBS' "Cheap Corner," Market Square. (oct28)

STONE-WARE at S. S. Smith's Grocery, 20 per cent. cheaper than any other place in town.

THE MAMMOTH STORE Is the place for Latest Styles of Ladies' Dress Goods.

GROCERIES Of all kinds at STROUS' Cheap Store.

LADIES DRESS GOODS! A splendid assortment at STROUS' Cheap Store in Market Square. [March 31, 1858.

CLOTHING! A new arrival for Spring and Summer, at STROUS Cheap Store. Call and be fitted. [March 31, 1858.

GROCERIES, Of the best, always ready for customers, at J. BRICKER'S MAMMOTH STORE.

DOUGLASS & SHERWOOD'S Patent Extension Skirts, for sale only by FISHER & McMURTRIE.

MEN'S Under-Shirts and Drawers, Linen Shirt Fronts, Ready Made Shirts, White & Fancy, Collars, &c., very cheap at D. P. GWIN'S.

INKS. A superior article of writing Inks for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

PLEASE YOUR CHILDREN! Call at LEWIS' NEW BOOK STORE, where you will find a choice selection of new and interesting books for children.

WILLIAM AFRICA

HAS AGAIN COMMENCED THE

BOOT AND SHOE-MAKING,

ONE DOOR EAST OF H. ROMAN'S CLOTHING STORE.

His old customers and the public generally, will give him a call. [Huntingdon, Oct. 20, 1858.]

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!! Keep yourself warm. Call at M. GUTMAN & CO'S Cheap Clothing Store, in Long's new building, Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa. A good stock always on hand. (oct28.)

OSGOOD'S Series of School Books, For sale at LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BOOKS FOR EVERYBODY! A large assortment of the most popular and interesting books of the day, just received and for sale at LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

CLOAKS, TALMAS, RIGOLETTES, Victorines and Head Dresses are sold at prices, which defy competition, by FISHER & McMURTRIE.

RENEWING HIS STOCK. Call at S. S. SMITH'S GROCERY for everything fresh and good.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of any kind, will be furnished to order at lowest City Cash Prices.

Violin and Guitar strings, Bridges, Keys, Rosin, &c., &c. Also—Instruction Books for the Piano, Melodeon, Violin, &c., &c., for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

FOR EVERYBODY.

TRY THE NEW STORE,

On Hill Street opposite Carmon's Store.

THE BEST

SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,

and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store.

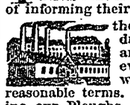
ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,

and a large number of articles too numerous to mention. The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.

Huntingdon, May 25, 1858.

THE HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY IN BLAST AGAIN!—The subscribers take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have rebuilt the Huntingdon Foundry, and are now in successful operation, and are prepared to furnish Castings of every description, of best quality and workmanship, on short notice, and on reasonable terms. Farmers are invited to call and examine our Ploughs. We are manufacturing the Hunter Plough. This plough took the first premium at the Huntingdon county Agricultural Fair last fall. Also, Hunter's celebrated Cutter Ploughs, which can't be beat—together with the Keystone, Hillside and Bar-shear ploughs. We have on hand and are manufacturing Stoves—such as Cook, Parlor, and Office stoves for wood or coal. Hollow ware, consisting of Kettles, Boilers, Skillets, &c., all of which we will sell cheap for cash or in exchange for country produce. Old metal taken for castings. By a strict attention to business, and a desire to please, we hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.



J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.

Huntingdon, April 30, 1856.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pled